BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

ESTABLISHED IN 1869. "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not Perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $2.00 PER ANNUM

VOL. V. BELLEFONTE, PENN'A., WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 5, 1873. NO. 7

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

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Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance.

POLITICAL NOTES.

—The President is among the contributors to a Nast testimonial.

—Cameron is the oldest in years of all the Senators. Sumner is the oldest in continuous service.

—In order to be in fashion, Prussia has started an investigation into a charge of official corruption.

—Col. J. S. Mosby has been offered and declined the position of Government council in certain legal cases.

—A resolution favoring woman suffrage was passed yesterday in the Maine House of Representatives by a vote of 64 to 59.

—An attempt to re-open the question of paying the State war claims of 1812 has failed in the Lower House of Congress.

—On account of an anticipated heavy pressure of business, the President has postponed his tour through the Southern States.

—Candidates for Republican nominations for the Legislature are already making their announcements in the Philadelphia papers.

—The Centennial exhibition will, without a doubt, be a complete success. The meeting in Philadelphia on Saturday is said to have been a grand affair.

—Pomeroy's alleged bribe-money has been brought on from Kansas, and is now in the hands of the Senate Sergeant-at-arms at the National Capitol.

—The New York State Senate has just begun to move in the investigation of "Boss" Tweed's qualifications to hold a seat in that august body.

—President Grant thinks an extra session of Congress is not necessary. He believes the important business can al be desposed of by the day of adjournment.

—The residence of President Grant, known as the old "Dent homestead," and situated six miles from St. Louis, was totally destroyed by fire on Friday last.

—In the Senate of New Jersey a bill was introduced giving colored people equal rights at schools, theatres, and hotels, and on steamboats, on Thursday last.

—The Williamsport *Sun* goes gently "down" on the Kerr trial, after having from its zenith poured scorching, withering "strokes" upon the heads that did not bow at the bidding of its *master*.

—The Senate of Indiana passed a "Temperance bill," which had previously passed the House. A salute in honor of the event was fired by the temperance people of Indianapolis last night a week.

—The President has repeated in conversation his disinclination to make removals and changes in the post offices of country except where such changes seem called for by public interest and in obedience to the public wish.

—A supplement to the Local Option law proposing to remove the distinction made in the original law between cities and the counties in which they are situated, came up in the House of Representatives, and was temporarily defeated by a motion to adjourn.

We are pleased to see that the Governor last week vetoed a local act relating to the election of town councilmen for the reason that it provided for the cumulative system of voting. This indicates that the Executive has concluded to put his foot upon that grand humbug of the day.

—Our army is not to be permitted to indulge to excess in strong drink. The House of Representatives at Washington has passed a bill providing that no officer or private soldier of the army addicted to the intemperate use of liquor or drugs shall be promoted. This measure, which is one promotive of good discipline, is said to be sure of concurence by the Senate.

—When Mr. Dimmick, of Wayne, was appointed Attorney General of the Commonwealth, by Governor Hartranft, he resigned his place in the Constitutional Convention, and was succeeded by Henry Green, Esq., of Easton. The *Telegraph* says that Col. F. Jordan, late Secretary of the Commonwealth, was tendered the position, but peremptorily declined to accept it.

THE democratic leaders are getting to be very careful to look after the affairs of Uncle Sam. Oh "they are all honorable men" and that pink of political propriety "Fernandy Wood" of New York is most honest and honorable. He introduced a bill into the house of Representatives looking to the inpeachment of Vice President Colfax but it was promptly defeated. Subsequently Mr. Lyner, Republican of Indiana, presented a resolution directing the judiciary committee to inquire if any officer of the government was guilty of any act worthy of impeachment, which was adopted. This is an impartial and impartisan way of proceeding, and will be just as effective in its results as the course marked out by Woods and his friend Brooks.

BROTHER BROWN of *Brown's Bellefonte Republican* has publicly renounced the "world, the flesh and the devil." Hear him: "Yes, we have joined the M. E. church. It is true that so far we have proved a very unfaithful member, but for the future we intend, by the assisting grace of God, to so let 'our light shine that others, seeing our good works,' &c. So far as Local Option is concerned we have beaten the vote. No matter what we may have done in the past, we now neither touch taste nor handle. Other persons may do as they see proper, but we have chosen to abstain from this time forth." Still that journal supported whiskey tickets headed by quotations from the Bible in its issue before the election. We suggest that the new brother's "good works" are not of the kind which will commend him to his new brethren.—*Blair County Radical.*

Knowing the facts of the case as well as we do, the idea of Brown being a member of the M. E. church, or indeed, of any other, seems as absurd, and we might almost say, as sacrilegious as the placing at the head of his whiskey extra, quotations from Holy writ. We think we can say, without fear of contradiction, that he is not a member of any church whatever, unless he has started a society of his own. If so, we might term them Brownites.

THE Boston *Advertiser* prints some valuable statistics showing what a golden opportunity the trouble in the English coal and iron trades has furnished for the iron interests of this country. It appears that the production of American railroad iron in 1873 reached the unprecedented amount of 975,000 tons, an increase of 200,000 tons in one year. As compared with 1864 the production of last year shows an increase of 191 per cent., the amount in the former having been only 335,000 tons. The importation of rails from Great Britain in 1872 amounted to 472,760 tons, or 529,491 tons of 2,000 pounds. In 1871 the proportion of English railroad iron to the entire consumption was more than forty-three per cent., but it was reduced for 1872 to thirty-five per cent., the supply from Great Britain having actually diminished during the year, while the aggregate consumption was increased by more than 150,000 tons. Moreover, the prospects of the trade were never better than they are now. The foreign markets are in a most unsettled condition, our capacity of production is steadily increasing, and the demand for consumption goes on at an accelerating ratio. All the indications point to an early and complete deliverance of this country from its past dependency on the British iron market. So much for the splendid fostering influences of protective policy. What have the scoffers and deriders to say about it now?

LEARN TO DO SOMETHING WELL.

A young man who applied for admission into the office of an eminent attorney, inquired whether the Profession was not already too full. He was told in reply that there was always plenty of room on the *upper shelf*. This remark is equally true of all the callings of life. The man who can do something well, who is master of his trade or profession, will seldom lack for friends and patrons. It is strange how few men there are who aim to make themselves eminent in their calling outside of the learned professions.

Every man should chose some honorable calling and not be contented with anything less than such ample knowledge of its principles and practice as earnest application and careful study of the best works on the subject will afford.

There is a growing sentiment among our young men against mechanical trades. Many a youth will stand behind a counter and measure tape at from ten to twenty dollars per month, who could earn four times that amount as a blacksmith or machinist. It is a mistaken idea that labor degrades or that any profession, in itself, is ennobling. He who stands at the head of his craft and acts well his part in life, fulfills the true destiny of a noble manhood, and no particular calling can enhance or detract from his dignity.

Our system of apprenticeships is defective in many particulars. Derived from the old English systems of servitude it still retains many of their odious features and repels many from placing themselves in a position where their teacher might become their tyrant.—Again, how few of those who take apprentices, are competent to teach them the principles as well as the manual parts, of their art. How many of our journeyman carpenters have any knowledge of architecture, the strength and adaptaion of materials or the mathematical rules that are required to make the calculations found upon their squares?

How many of our journeyman tailors are taught the rules of cutting without patterns, or have any knowledge of the adaptation of the colors of different parts of a suit to each other and all to the complexion of the wearer?

There is no sound reason why we should not have schools in which each of the several trades should be correctly taught and the odious and almost useless system of apprenticeships be improved or abandoned. There is scarcely an art or trade upon which valuable books have not been written and it is a fatal mistake for any young man to suppose that he can ever excel without devoting his leisure hours to the study of the *principles* of his art. The mere mastery of the *manual* parts of a trade and a smattering of such formular as are adapted to its ordinary business, will never make a master mechanic; but he who trains hand and eye and at the same time carefully studies every principle which forms the ground work of his art, becomes a creator in some sense of the word, and structures of utility, convenience and beauty attest his supremacy and power.

For the REPUBLICAN.

A CREDIT MOBILIER IN CENTRE COUNTY.

MR. EDITOR:—I notice in one of your valuable papers that you have a little controversy with the *Watchman* about the injustice in the printing. Can you give me a little explanation of the following, to which I call the attention of honest tax-payers of this county? Is this robbery, is it Credit Mobilier at home, or what is it? At all events it is what helps tax-payers to sweat. The *Watchman* is loud on economy. Now read. I copy from the *Watchman* all that follows, and as the Auditors Report of Centre county, for the last three years, shows we paid Credit Mobilier Meek for printing for 1870 to 1871, profusely strung out over three years so the Commissioners and tax-payers would not see the plundering:

Paid P. G. Meek, printing '69 and '70, in *Watchman* of Feb. 1871	$500,00
Paid P. G. Meek, printing '70 and '71, in *Watchman* of Feb. 1872	857,40
Paid P. G. Meek, printing '70 and '71, in *Watchman* of Feb. 1873	572,80
Total	$1930,20
See *Watchman* for Feb. 1870, and he draws for 1869 in addition to first item about	325,00

This shows a total of $1,930 20 for that one term of 1870 to 1871. Is not this a damning outrage upon the tax-payers, and an ingenious stringing out over three years to deceive our County Auditors and Commissioners? Now, as you are practical printers, I want you to say whether it was possible for the County to have that amount of printing done by Mr. Meek in 1870-71, besides what was done by the other offices? If not, is it not a gigantic robbery? Tax-payers do you see how this fellow draws wool over your eyes? TAX-PAYER.

Our correspondent seems to have demmonstrated by figures that cannot lie, that it was possible for our friend Meek to have and collect such a bill. But if it was possible, we must, in all candor and honesty, say that we deem it entirely unnecessary that any one paper in the county should have such an enormous bill as that for one year's printing. We noticed that while the counties all around us, which are under Republican rule, got along with an election proclamation of two thirds of a column, the *Watchman* and Brown's paper had the registry act and proclamation, thereby making expence for the county in that one instance, of four times the necessary amount. The *Centre Reporter* had to do with less. By that we see that Brown is looked upon in certain quarters, with more favor than even the democratic paper at Centre Hall. Of course the remedy for this rests with the people. As long as we submit quietly, such wrongs, and even greater, will be heaped upon us, until finally they may tax us for the light of heaven. This question should have the careful, impartial, considerate attention of every tax-payer, be he Republican or Democrat.

In the REPUBLICAN the people of Centre county have a journal which sets it's face persistently against all wrong whether among the "powers that be," among the rich and influential, in the haunts of proverty or the dens of crime.

OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27, 1873.

The absorbing interest of to-day is centered in the probable action upon the resolutions presented by the Poland committee, a final vote upon which it is believed will be reached before to-morrow's session begins. For the past three days the Capitol has been thronged by eager crowds. On Tuesday, all the available space on the floor of the House was given up to the ladies who were unable to obtain admission to the galleries; but on yesterday objection was made to a motion again extending the like courtesy—the members in the rear of the Hall averring that it was impossible to hear what was said when the floor was so densely crowded.

Judge Poland opened the debate on Tuesday in support of the findings and resolutions of his committee, with an able and earnest argument. With little interruption the debate has since engrossed the hours of session, a very large number of members participating therein. The most noteworthy speeches since the opening have been those of Messrs. Merrick and Niblack of Indiana, McCrarey and Banks, all of the committee, Hawley, of Conn., and Shellabarger, in favor of the report, and those of Messrs. Beck, of Ky.. Brigham, Vorhees and Butler, of Mass., against it. General Butler spoke during the evening session of yesterday making, perhaps, the ablest speech yet delivered on the subject.—In concluding he paid a glowing tribute to the character of Mr. Ames, during the delivery of which that gentleman, who had maintained the utmost composure whilst being denounced, was affected to tears. Mr. Ames had also a statement read by the clerk, in vindication of his course, the statements in which differed in no material respect from the substance of his evidence before the committee.

The proposition to amend the report so as to directly censure the other members mentioned in the evidence, developes no real strength, and it is quite probable that Messrs. Ames and Brooks may escape expulsion on the ground that the present House has no jurisdiction over its members for offences committed prior to the election.—The decision of the House will have an important bearing as a mere precedent.

The report of Credit Mobilier committee No. 2, which was presented on Friday last, closes with the introduction of a bill which has the appearance of being designed for the interests of the Government, regardless of the injury that may be wrought to innocent persons who may, at one time or another, have been *bona fide* holders of Union Pacific stock, by the proceedings therein provided for: That suit should be brought against the road in its corporate capacity, and against all persons who have, in any manner contrary to equity, received as dividends, profits of contracts, or in any other manner, any stock, money, bonds, lands or property of any species, which ought, in equity, to belong or accounted for, to either the Railroad or the United States, seems perfectly proper, but that *all* persons who have *subscribed* for capital stock which has not been fully paid for *in money*, and all persons who have *received* any capital stock not thus fully paid for, should also be made defendants, does not seem to be either reasonable or equitable.—To compel the man who has subscribed for stock to pay for it at par, though he has never received it, or to hold the man who has bought and again sold *part paid* stock, liable for all balances due thereon, when estimated at par, or to force the man occupying one of these situations to *defend a suit* brought against him on account of such a connection, in our opinion, unjustifiable. Nor should the bill provide for the attachment of all the private property of parties against whom suit is to brought, *to be held until the suit be finally decided*, without, also providing a method of redress in cases of *wrongful* restraint, and for indemnity where *damages* arize therefrom. The fewer extraordinary features of procedure allowed by a bill directing suit on behalf of the Government, the less danger of wronging an innocent party, a result the most strenuous advocates of *restitution* cannot affect to desire.

The testimony before the Pomeroy committee makes a better showing for the Senator, and correspondingly the reverse for his adversaries. John Q. Page, a banker, of Independence, Kansas, testified that Pomeroy had promised to lend him and his associates $7,000 or $8,000 to purchase U. S. Bonds for securing the issues of the new National Bank at Independence, Page being about to change his private bank into a "National," and that being unable to remain in Topeka until Pomeroy had raised the money, he, Page, asked Pomeroy to hand the money to York, who had promised to deliver it to him. Pomeroy swears that he delivered the money solely on account of that request, and without any reference to the Senatorial contest, and the testimony of each is corroborated, in some particulars, by other gentlemen of reputation and credibility. The Kansas House has passed a resolution of censure upon York's failure to support, before that body, the charges made by him in joint session. We have previously expressed our opinion of this gentleman's course, and see no reason for altering it.

The report in Senator Caldwell's case will, doubtless, lie over until after the 4th proximo. It may even be laid over in the extra session of the Senate which has been called to meet on that day until the next Congress, several Senators taking the position that that body is fully competent to act upon the report.

Two special messages were sent to Congress by the President during the last few days, one recommending legislation to carry out the provisions of the Treaty of Washington in respect to the Fishery question—which legislation has since been had—the other inviting the attention to the condition of affairs in Louisiana, and stating if Congress took no action before adjourning he should feel bound to continue to recognize the existing State Government. The Senate has already before it a report from its committee on elections, &c., in which almost as many opinions are expressed as there are different members of the committee. The report has not been sufficiently discussed to predicate the probable final action.

A fatality seems to attend the office of Chief Marshall for inauguration day. Gen. Foster was obliged to resign on account of illness, and Gen. Wm. F. Barry, of the Artillery Corps, has been chosen instead.

The weather is *not very* favorable, a light snow fell last night, and the air is quite cold.

Feb. 28.—Both Houses were in session last night. After Judge Poland's closing speech, the House first objecting a motion of Mr. Farnsworth to lay the report upon the table, adopted a substitute offered by Mr. Sargent, of California, censuring, instead of expelling Messrs. Ames and Brooks by the close vote of 115 to 110.

The conduct of Mr. Ames was condemned by a vote of 181 to 36; that of Mr. Brooks by a vote of 174 to 32. The preamble which, among other matter, recites that serious doubts exist of the power of Congress to punish offenses committed before individual became members, was rejected. After an attempt had been made to censure other members whose names appeared in the evidence, Mr. Speer, of Penna., seeming particularly anxious that Mr. Kelley's course should be condemned, which proved unsuccessful. The whole matter was laid on the table and committee discharged.

In the Senate the Credit Mobilier committee submitted a report recommending the expulsion of Mr. Patterson, and the censure of Mr. Harlan, and exonerating the other gentlemen whose names appeared in the evidence, which was ordered to be printed. After discussing the Louisiana question all night without arriving at a vote, the Senate at 7.45 a. m., adjourned.

The Legislature last week passed a bill authorizing the Governor to appoint as many additional notaries public as he may deem proper, the officers so appointed to pay a fee of $25 into the State treasury for the use of the Commonwealth.

STATE NEWS.

—Copenhaver's township, Taylor, Centre Co., went for license by a half dozen majority.

—A boy in Bethlehem, while snowballing last week, had his eyeball completely torn from its socket. Be carefnl, boys.

—Spotted fever is prevailing to some extent in Clinton county. Two persons have died from the disease at Sugar Valley, and a number of others are afflicted.

—Prof. Lowell mentions an advertisement that caught his eye some time since: "Wanted, by a boy, a situation in an eating house. He is used to the business."

—Earnest efforts are at last making to retain a plentiful supply of fish food in the several watercourses of Pennsylvania. A bill is before the Legislature on the subject.

—Mrs. Sarah L. Prizer is postmaster at Doylestown, and Mrs. Mary J. Cuffel is her assistant; and the *Democrat* says the mails were never so carefully conducted and admirably managed.

—A servant girl in Pittsburg, Pa., has sued her employer for 778 weeks wages, at $3 per week. She says she began her work January 1, 1858, and she has never recieved a cent in remuneration.

—James Pierce and Charlie Rumford, two noted gunners of Chester, killed thirty-five wild ducks, on Wednesday last, mostly bald-pates, nineteen of which were the result of a single shot.—*Republican.*

—Judge Charles Frailey, a prominent citizen of Schuylkill county, died suddenly at Pottsville, on Wednesday last. He was a number of years a member of the State Legislature, and held many positions of trust in his county.

—All is quiet on the Susquehanna, and the fear of a disastrous break-up of ice is passing away. The people living in all the threatened towns on the river are no doubt very thankful that the field of ice has not moved, and that their property has escaped destruction.

—Bedford county chickens seem to be omniverous. A "rooster" was disemboweled there recently, and, among other articles in the inventory of his commissary department were a nickle half dime, two pennies, and a large hog tooth. That gizzard was marvelously like a boys pocket.

—Last week a man named Fitchthorn, who had escaped from the Lebanon jail and upon whom there was a reward of $50, was arrested in this city, and put in the Lock-up. That night he dug out and dug off, leaving a hole in the Lock-up wall as a rememberance of his brief occupancy.—*Journal.*

—The Hyde Park (Scranton) Bank was broken into by burglars the other night. The vault was forced open, and an unsuccessful attempt made to blow open the safe. The attempt was an unprofitable speculation. One hundred dollars in currency was carried off, but they left behind a full set of burglars' implements.

—A few days since a couple of engineers were under a train at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, inspecting the wheels of the cars when the train suddenly moved off. With great presence of mind they caught hold of the cross pieces of the brakers and held on firmly, till by shouting they had attracted attention and the train, after running about one hundred feet, was stopped. Strange to say neither of the men were injured.

—The gamblers, Siner and Kass, recently convicted in the Philadelphia Quarter Sessions after the jury had been out eleven or twelve days, were sentenced by Judge Allison, on Monday, to two years and six months imprisonment, each, in the Eastern Penitentiary, and to pay a fine of $500. O'Brien and Marks, convicted at the same term of a similar offence—keeping a gambling house—were sentenced to the same term of imprisonment and payment of the same sum. Pierson, another gambler, got off with one year in the county prison.

—The body of Mr. Monroe Snyder, an elderly man, a well-known and much respected resident of Bethleham, Pa., was found in the Monocacy Creek on Saturday, Feb. 22. The deceased had been murdered and robbed. He had been on a visit to New York, and arrived home on the 9 o'clock train the previous evening, and between the depot and his home was waylaid by the fiends, stabbed, robbed, and thrown into the creek. There is no clue as yet to the murderers. The victim has resided at Bethlehem for eight years, had considerable means, and was engaged in the slate business on a large scale.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

Wednesday Morning, March 5, 1873.

Poetry.

COURAGE.

Because I hold it sinful to despond,
And will not let the bitterness of life
Blind me with burning tears, but look beyond
Its tumult and its strife;

Because I lift my head above the mist,
Where the sun shines and the broad breezes blow,
By every ray and every rain-drop kissed
That God's love doth bestow;

Think you I find no bitterness at all,
No burden to be borne, like Christian's pack?
Think you there are no ready tears to fall
Because I keep them back?

Why should I hug life's ills with cold reserve,
To curse myself and all who love me? Nay!
A thousand times more good than I deserve
God gives me every day.

And in each one of these rebellious tears,
Kept bravely back, he makes a rainbow shine,
Grateful I take his slightest gift, no fears,
Nor any doubts, are mine.

Dark skies must clear; and when the clouds are past,
One golden day redeems a weary year.
Patient I listen, sure that sweet at last
Will sound His voide of cheer.

Then vex me not with chiding. Let me be.
I must be glad and grateful to the end,
I grudge you not your cold and darkness,—me
The powers of light befriend.

Our Story Teller.

THE MILLER OF MANNEVILLE.

BY JULIA KAVANAGH

The little brackish river which flows through Manneville turns the wheel of many a Norman mill on its way.—There is the big mill for the grinding of rape, which is to become oil in time; there is the tucking mill, which dyes the river black and blue at certain hours; and there is the flour mill, which belongs to Maitre Salomon, and is so picturesque, so green and so lovely, that it is a wonder no painter has found it out as yet.

The river of Manneville is nameless.—It springs in a little hollow not far from the road to Fontaine, flows round the village for a mile or so, then glides away with a low, plaintiff murmur to the sea. Perhaps because its course is so brief, perhaps because it is so soon lost in the great blue waters, it has been allowed to pass through the world without a name. Was it worth while to give any to so short-lived a stream? On one, too, which being the only river for miles around, could never be mistaken for any other.—So the river Manneville is born, goes on its way, does its good work, and dies unrecorded.

Not far from the dark spot whence it murmurs forth into the bright sunshine, it suddenly spreads into a little lake, skirted with hoary willows and tall beach trees, that cast a cool, deep shade on its waters. An old dyke closes one extremity of the lake, and ends in Maitre Salomon's mill. Beyond the dyke the lake narrows, and becoming river-like, flows on in the green, fresh shade of the fine old trees, till it reaches the village.

But of Manneville—of its street, church, and houses—there is neither sight nor sound here. The gray old mill and its pleasant stone house and smiling orchard, ending in a gay flower garden, are all you see if you go down to the lake leading from the road to Fontaine. The picture is one you never forget, especially if the wheel of the mill be still. Wherever you look you see green trees, clear water, and blue sky, and, closing the scene, the old mill, seeming to sleep in the sun, as if it were weary of its endless work and glad to doze its last days away.

It is not a busy mill. It has a little corn to grind since the wind mill was built on the hill by Fontaine; but Maitre Salomon keeps it going; he will not give in to the windmill; he hates it, talks of it with cool scorn, and, being a well-to-do man, he can indulge his hobby, his own mill. He likes that mill for many reasons. His mother was born here, here she was married, and here she died when he was a lad of fourteen. Maitre Salomon himself was born at the mill on a midsummer morning, and he is apt to boast that he has never been twenty-four entire hours out of it since that day.—Even as the Celestial Empire is the centre of the world to the Chinese, so is his mill the centre of Manneville to Maitre Salomon.

Midsummer morning was beautiful and balmy three years ago, and so thought the miller, who was smoking in his orchard, looking at the shadow of the apple trees on the grass, and at the clear sheet of water which rippled gently on its sandy bench at his feet. "I am twenty-nine to-day," he soliloquized. "Well, it is pleasant to live, especially here in the old mill." The young miller did not go beyond this satisfactory conclusion; perhaps because a thrush was singing very sweetly above his head; perhaps, too, because he rarely vexed his mind with useless speculations. He was a tall young Norman, fair and florid, with happy blue eyes, and a look of calm content on his handsome, good-humored face which his daily life fulfilled. It was the boast of his cousin and servant, Catharine, that she could do what she pleased with Maitre Salomon, provided she did not disturb his equanimity by speaking of the hateful windmill.

"My dear mother has been dead fifteen years," thought the miller, as a faint sound of church bells came on the summer air. "God rest her soul. She was a good mother to me." And he sighed with the calm sorrow with which we learn to think of the dead.

"Maitre Salomon," called out a shrill voice from the house, "will you not go to High Mass to-day?"

"I have been to low mass," answered the miller, taking out his pipe.

Catharine was deaf, but taking her master's reply for granted, she pursued, "This a great holiday. You should go to High Mass, Maitre Salomon."

"I sleep through the sermon," answered the young man, with a cloud on his open face, "and my dear mother used to say, 'Never give scandal in God's church.' And she spoke truly, Catharine; she spoke truly."

But Cathare, who, though deaf, seemed to know all her master's answers by heart, screamed from the house. "And I say you give scandal by staying at home, Maitre Salomon; you give scandal."

This was no doubt unanswerable, for the miller extinguished his pipe, put it in his pocket, and shunning the kitchen, entered the house by a side door, and gently went up stairs to his mother's room.—It had never been used since the sad day when she was borne out of it. Such as she had left it after her brief illness, it was still. When the young miller unlocked the door—he always kept the key of that room in his own care—the faint smell of lavender and dried roses which his mother had loved seemed to bring her dear presence back before him. He closed the door softly—love and death had made the place sacred—and the dim light that stole through the window, across which a vine had been allowed to fling its broad green boughs, almost unpruned, gave it a solemn and religious aspect.

Maitre Salomon stepped as lightly across the floor as if he feared to waken some sleeper hidden behind the faded pink bed curtains, all over which were portrayed the fortunes of little Cinderella. He took out his pocket handkerchief, and dusted with it the marble slab of the old chest of drawers. He raised tenderly the old pin-cushion upon it, and in which his mother's two long silver hair pins were well stuck, and when he put it down again he half sighed. Grief was dead, but not that fond regret which never leaves a faithful heart.

"Maitre Salomon, I am going," screamed Catharine from the bottom of the stairs.

"Very well," he answered.

"Oh, you are up there again," she muttered, rather indignantly. This room, which she was never allowed to enter, unless in her master's presence, was a sore point with Catharine. She disapproved of it, and hinted it was no better than a calling of ghosts, to be thus keeping up an empty room. "Just ready for them. I wonder you will not go to High Mass to-day," she persisted from the foot of the staircase. "All Manneville will be there: Maitre, Pierre Lenud and his pretty wife, Fifine, you know, and Alexis, to whom Annette left that lot of money, and Renee, the organist's wife. You do not know Renee, Maitre Salomon."

"We must not go to church to stare at our neighbors and their wives," rather austerely answered the miller; but he spoke low, and more as if his dead mother could hear the words, than as if they were meant for Catharine.

"And I say it is only calling of ghosts to keep a room empty for them," she muttered, giving up the point and going her way.

The obstinate miller opened the window. A gentle breeze suddenly stirred the vine leaves, and a golden sunbeam stole in through a thick cluster, making a warm light on the red tilled floor.—"That vine must be pruned," thought the miller, making the little opening wider with his hand; he soon paused in sudden surprise at the unexpected picture below him. This window overlooked the narrowest part of the river. A tall beech tree that grew on one bank flung its broad hanging boughs across the stream to the other side, and wholly hid its further course and many windings. The little nook thus seemingly enclosed was wonderfully cool and green. There was a cottage close to it, but it was invisible from the window, and the only token that the spot was ever visited by any human being consisted in two white stepping-stones which had been placed at the root of the beech tree to lead from the steep bank down to the water's edge.—Many a time had the miller seen little birds hopping daintily across these stones, or dragon flies darting over the water; but either Susanne, his neighbor, came to fill her pitcher very early or very late, for never once, often though he looked out, had he seen her or any one else by the stream. And now, to his surprise, a young girl, a stranger to Manneville he was sure, stood on the lowest of the stepping stones, with the water rippling softly over her bare feet. Her curly black hair was loose, and hung around her face, which it half hid; the sleeves of her little white boddice were tucked up to her elbows, and left her arms bare, and her faded red cloth petticoat was carefully gathered above her ankles, so as to not get wet. She stood very still, looking down at herself in the water; then suddenly sitting down on the topmost stone and bending over the river, she took up water in both her hands, and began washing her face with great zeal. An obstinate black spot on her left cheek required a good deal of rubbing and several appeals to the natural mirror at her hand, before she was satisfied. Shaking back her hair she showed the miller a pleasant, round, dimpled face, just then all sparkling with bright water drops, and two laughing blue eyes, with an open, childish look in them that did one good to see. He thought that, her ablutions being performed, she would go away, but she did not. She wiped her face dry and white with a cloth lying on the grass, then took out a little comb from her pocket and combed out her hair very carefully. Then she tied it back with a crimson ribbon, which she bound over her head after, in what the miller thought, a very becoming fashion; then bending over the water she looked at herself, and seemed by no means to quarrel with her own image.

"Mariette, Mariette, you will never be ready," cried a voice far away.

"I am coming, com—ing," answered the young girl, with a sort of song, and slipping her feet into a pair of wooden shoes that lay by her, she sprang away, and in a moment was hidden from the miller's view. He waited awhile to see if she would return, but she did not, so he let the vine leaves fall back, closed the window, shut the door, and went down to the solitary kitchen. The sun was shinning through the tall window on the brick floor, and the great clock was ticking behind the half open door. The summer air was still, and as the mill was not at work, the sound of the church bells was very clear. "Catherine is right; I ought to go to mass," thought the miller; and as it was not too late, he dressed and went at once.

High mass was beginning as Maitre Salomon entered the church of Manneville, and went up to his bench. He had a whole one to himself, in which he always sat alone. Catharine never used it. She had sat at the lower end of the church in a dark corner, and in the draught of two doors, ever since she was fifteen, and would have been wretched to sit anywhere else. It was, therefore, with a start of surprise that the miller saw a woman kneeling in the seat where ever since his mother had died he had knelt and prayed alone; and with trepidation that he recognized the young girl whom he had seen from the window in his mother's room. She knelt with her face buried in her little brown hands, but he was sure of her identity, and was so disconcerted that he had scarcely recovered his presence of mind when the sermon began. His little neighbor never once turned toward him. Her eyes were fastened on the pages of her book, and the miller could scarcely see her bent face. There was nothing distracting in the top of her white cap, nor even in the end of crimson ribbon which came down behind on her slender neck; her little girlish figure was so still that, if his head had not been pertinaciously turned her way, Maitre Salomon might have forgotten her presence; but he did not, and it was only by staring at the large brass eagle reading-desk in front of the alter that he succeeded in keeping his eyes off her till the mass ended. Even then he kept staring on at the eagle, till a little low voice whispered in his ear, "Please let me pass." Then he gave a great start, and saw for a moment a little round face which passed by him, and, mingling with the crowd, was gone almost as soon as seen. The miller did not look for it; he was a shy man by nature and habit, and went straight home.

Maitre Salomon stood on the road in front of his house the next day, when he heard the sound of a beetle hard at work on some linen in the vicinity of the beech tree. "Is it the little girl with the red ribbon?" thought the miller, and he went straight up to his mother's room. He opened the window very softly, and peeped through the vine leaves; he saw the little girl with the red ribbon, as he called her, washing some linen with much superfluous energy, and a prodigal use of that noisy beetle which had betrayed her presence. She knelt in the box lined with straw which French peasant women use for that purpose, and was rinsing out a long white table cloth, dyeing the little river with soap bubbles that floated down the stream. When this was done, she sat down on the higher one of the stones, and began biting in a piece of brown bread with the honest appetite of fifteen.

"It is but a little thing, a young thing," thought the miller, watching her with much pleasure through the vine leaves. "How it bites in that hard, dry bread," and he looked on when the bread was eaten, and the washing resumed, and he forgot the passing of time till twelve struck and the Angelus rang. No sooner did the little girl hear the church bell than she started to her feet with a suddenness that partook of alarm, and snatching up her linen, washed and unwashed, she rushed, off, leaving her box, beetle, and soap behind her. In a few minutes Susanne came and fetched them. Then all was still again, and the little river flowed on quietly once more, and a white pigeon alighted on one of the stepping stones, and after strutting up and down across it for awhile, fled away.

"Who and what can she be?" thought the miller, as he sat eating his dinner by the table in the kitchen window. Catherine, who was washing up plates and dishes by the fireplace, in which, though it was June, a wood fire was crackling, unexpectedly gave him the information he wanted.

"Some people are lucky," began Catherine, in a high, irritated key; "they do not go into service; they have servants of their own, who wear red ribbons in their hair—little pert, conceited things."

The miller, on hearing this, gave Catherine a look which so plainly said "What!" that she resumed in a louder tone, "I say that Susanne's new servant is a scandal! Why she sat in your bench yesterday, Maitre Salomon! She is as saucy as a sparrow. I saw her washing this morning; and how Susanne can trust her with linen—why a baby knows as much about washing as she does, with her red ribbon. A little gadder, too! Why, when twelve struck, instead of seeing to her mistress's dinner, and turning her hand to anything useful, she rushed past our garden with her head bare and her arms all covered with soap suds, and her feet almost out of her wooden shoes, and ran along like a mad thing on the road to Fontaine.—Susanne must have been crazy to have taken that little thing, with as much sense in her head as a linnet. And her name is Mariette, too," she added, as if this were the culminating point in the sins of Susanne's servant.

The miller heard this, but all he thought was, "Why did she start off so at twelve struck, and what could she be racing off to Fontaine for?" and instead of smoking his after dinner pipe by the little lake as usual, he went and walked up and down the hedge that divides his garden from the road. Presently he heard a clatter of wooden shoes, and looking over the hedge, the tall miller saw a little figure coming toward him. It was she, bare headed, and dressed just as he had seen her washing, in a dingy old red petticoat, and with a large cotton handkerchief loosely fastened around her neck. She was much flushed, and rather out of breath, but she brought back neither bundle nor basket. The miller looked after her as she dived down the shady path that led to Susanne's cottage, and he wondered what her errand on that lonely sunburnt road had been.

Maitre Salomon had not much to do about this time, so he went up and down a good deal to his mother's room, or walked in his garden by the hedge, but he did not see Mariette. Once or twice, however, he heard her singing in a voice so sweet and clear that he thought, "Catherine was right in calling her a linnet.—She is a bird, one hears but does not see her."

At length, on Saturday morning, he saw her again from behind the vine leaves. She had come for water to the river, and laying her pitcher slantwise in the stream she let it fill slowly, idly watching the water as it flowed in and out. She stood in the dry shade of the beech tree, but here and there a sunbeam stole in upon her, and one played on her head and lit up her dark hair with specks of the richest gold. The miller—who perhaps had a painter's eye—was watching her with infinite pleasure, when the noonday Angelus rang. On hearing it, Mariette snatched up her pitcher, which was not half full, and darted away, leaving a great blank of shade on the spot where she had been.

The miller went down to the kitchen, took his hat from its peg behind the door, and without heeding Catherine's "Why, Maitre Salomon, the soup is on the table," he walked out on the road to Fontaine. To his surprise he found Mariette climbing up a narrow path leading to a shady orchard on the left side of the road, and which belonged to no less a person than the miller himself. What could take her there? It was a wild, secluded spot, beyond which extended many a cornfield, and where the miller's cow grazed alone all the day long. "She cannot want to talk with Roquette," thought the miller, "and surely my unripe apples cannot tempt her." And he, too, climbed up the path, and was soon straying among the low, broad apple trees. The spot was wild and lovely, a little nest of green lying in the hollow lap of the hill. Roquette was grazing there in solitary state, and a swarm of wild bees that had made their nest in a hollow tree filled the place with a soft drowsy murmur, very pleasant to hear in the hot summer noon; lovely wild flowers and large white mushrooms also grew there in abundance, and lent their wild beauty to the miller's orchard; but the little brown-headed girl whom he had followed there was invisible. At length he found her out. The southern end of the orchard was enclosed by a bank of mossy rock and green earth at the foot of which grew a lonely oak, young and strong, and with sturdy boughs, that flung their shade far into the neighboring cornfield. Now Mariette was perched bird-like on the lowest of these boughs, and while she clung with one arm to the trunk of the oak, she shaded her eyes with the hand that was free, looking earnestly at something that was far away. Suddenly she dropped down as lightly from her bough as if she had had a pair of wings to her back, and skipping among the rocks of the bank she ran away through the orchard, and passed close to the miller, looking up at him with fearless eyes, and giving him a little nod as he stepped aside to make way for her. Maitre Salomon looked after her till she had vanished, then he climbed up the bank, and without requiring the aid of the oak bough he scanned attentively the prospect at which Mariette had been gazing. Corn, tall yellow corn, corn waving beneath the summer sun in the soft summer air, was all he saw—save far away in the glittering haze of noonday, the sails of the windmill moving lazily. Even as the miller eyed them askance their motion ceased, and, all was still again in the tranquil landscape. "It never can be to look at that thing that she came here," thought the miller, "she knows better, I am sure, little though she is."

However that might be, close observation gave the miller the certainty that every day a little before noon Mariette went up to his orchard. Only once did he follow her and watch her from a distance, and then he saw her again perched in the tree. "I suppose it a bird, and likes that," thought the miller, greatly puzzled.

Every village has its bad character.—The bad character of Manneville just then was a young scamp called Simon Petit who, though no more than ten years old, had the credit of robbing all the farmyards and plundering all the orchards in the place. A favorite exploit of this young brigand was also to catch, in spite of every penal injunction to the contrary the speckled trout that played on the pretty bed of the little river.

"The young villain is at his old tricks," indignantly thought Maitre Salomon, as looking through the vine leaves on a sunny morning, he saw, instead of Mariette, the little cunning face and serpent figure of Simon, who armed with a long pole, was cautiously exploring the banks of the river. He stole away, and was soon hidden among the alder bushes. He had scarcely vanished, when Mariette appeared with a pitcher in her hand. She laid it down in the stream and watched the water flowing into it with a sad, dejected look. Twelve struck; Mariette did not stir, Something had happened assuredly, or she would never stand thus with downcast eyes and arms hanging loosely by her sides. But suddenly she gave a start as Simon Petit, stepping out from behind the alder bushes, appeared before her with a fine trout in his hand. He, too, was taken by surprise, but looking her boldly in the face, he said with cool effrontery:

"The trout jumped out of the river, and so I picked it up. You saw it jumping, did you not?"

"No, indeed," bluntly answered Mariette. She looked incredulous; Simon's little cunning eyes winked, but he was mute; Mariette said:

"Do something for me, and no one shall know about the trout; run up the road, go through the orchard on the left hand, climb up into the oak tree, and tell me if the sails of the windmill are quiet or thrning?"

"What do you want to know that, for?" asked Simon.

"Never mind."

"Then why do you not go yourself?"

"Will you go or not?" she asked, stamping her foot impatiently.

She held out no threat about the trout, yet Simon gave in at once, and promising to do her errand he vanished. Mariette sat down on the higher of the two stepping stones, and clasping her hands around her knees, waited patiently for his return.

Maitre Salomon, shaking his head at what he had heard and seen, went down stairs, walked out on the road, and found Simon there, peering round him before he ventured into the orchard, for he had been caught there once upon a time, and fear, like a dragon, kept watch in the path. The m[illegible]d to speak. The moment Simon saw him, he caught up his trout, which he had hidden in a cool hollow of the hedge, and fled precipitately. The miller looked after him with grim satisfaction, and thought, "I suppose I must do that little thing's errand and see about that windmill myself now."

So he went up to his orchard and ascertained that his enemy the windmill was motionless, "but what can she want to know that for?" thought Maitre Salomon as he came down again.

"Why, your soup has been cooling this half hour, Maitre Salomon," cried Catherine, standing on the threshold of the kitchen door; but without heeding her Maitre Salomon walked round the mill, took a little path that led to the river, and found Mariette still sitting on the stepping stone, and waiting for Simon's return. She looked round on hearing the miller's step, and gazed up with simple wonder no her young face. He looked down at her quietly, and entered at once on his subject. "I am the miller, and yonder is my mill, and from my window, the one with the vine leaves up there, I heard you a while ago talking to that good-for-nothing Simon Petit. Take my advice, and have nothing to do with that fellow, who has more wickedness in his little finger than many a big man in his whole body."

"And is there a window up there behind the vine?" was Mariette's only reply. "Well, I should never have thought so; how can you see from behind those thick green leaves?"

"That is neither here nor there," answered the miller, a little impatiently; "but Simon knows better than to put a foot in my orchard since the day when I caught him stoning Roquette after filling his cap with apples; so he ran away when he saw me. Being, as it were, the cause of your disappointment, I went in his stead, though what you can want to look at that windmill for, is more than I can imagine. Make my word for it, of all the ugly things of man's making, a windmill is the ugliest, and *that* windmill is the ugliest I ever saw. But every one to his liking; and any time you fancy going up to the orchard, why do so, and take some of the fruit and be welcome to it, for you see the orchard is mine, and if I make you welcome, why no one has a right to gainsay it."

"Thank you," replied Mariette, who looked as if she had not minded a word he was uttering. "But please, were the sails going?"

"Why should they be?" asked the miller rather sharply. "I tell you that mill is a bad thing altogether, and that he who built it has rued it many and many a time."

"Well were the sails going?" again asked Mariette, looking anxious.

"No!" decisively answered the miller; "They were as still as if they were nailed."

The color flew from Mariette's cheeks, and left them white.

"They were not going," she said faintly; "then I an undone, undone!" and she loooked at him so wildly, wringing her hands, that the miller thought she was surely distracted.

"Why, child," he argued, what can that windmill be to you?"

Mariette did not answer him, but looking at him in the same wild way, she rose and left him without uttering another word. "Is the little thing crazy?" thought Maitre Salomon, going back to the mill-house a strangely puzzled man.

This was to be a day of events to every one about the mill. Catherine, much perplexed by Maitre Salomon's going out instead of eating soup, was stealing out softly to see what he was about when she was accosted by an old begger women from Fontaine named Justine. "This is not Friday," said Catherine, sharply; "Come on Friday and you will get something as usual." Friday is the great begging and almsgiving day in Manneville.

"You should not let riches harden your heart, Mademoiselle Catherine, said Justine pitifully. "You should not. It is not because your cousin Mederic left you all that money that you should ill-use the poor, Mademoiselle Catherine.

Even the deaf can hear the magic word "riches" and "money." Catherine put questions and was answered, and Catherine learned with indignation and dismay that her cousin Maitre Mederic, the childless widower, was dead and buried, and that his heirs had begun to quarrel over his inheritance, without thinking if needful to summon her to a division of he spoil. Catherine was a womon of spirit. In five minutes her resolve was taken, and when Maitre Salomon came in to his dinner, Catherine, instead of giveing him a scolding, informed him, in her highest key, that she was going to Fontaine to get her rights; that she was sure the old oaken press, black and bright as ebony, would be gone if she delayed; and last of all that her cousin Mederic was dead.

Thus it happened that Maitre Salomon instead of being cheered by the conversation of Catherine that evening, sat alone in his kitchen, and after eating his supper of bread and cheese and drinking his glass of cider, looked dreamily in the embers of his decaying fire of rape stalks.

The evenings are always chill in Manneville, and this was a rainy one; besides, Maitre Salomon liked company, "and fire is good company at any time, as his mother used to say," he remarked to himself. So he sat, and was looking absently at the mild red glow on his hearth, when the kitchen door behind him opened softly, and, looking sharply round the miller saw the pale, startled face of Mariette in the opening.

"Oh, please can I come in?" she whispered, "I shall only stay a little while; but please do let me come in."

"Come in," said the miller, rising. "What is it?"

Mariette, instead of answering him, darted in looking round her sharply, espied, spite the mild gloom in the kitchen, the door that led to the rooms on the first floor, and opening it, she flew up the steps, as swift and light as a kitten. The miller was rather bewildered, but phlegmatics rarely lose their presence of mind; so Maitre Salomon lit a candle, bolted the kitchen door, and followed his visitor, whom he found on the landing hiding behind the door of Catherine's room.

"Mariette," he said "what has happened?"

"The tinker has come for me," she replied, pitifully. "He says he is my father you know; but I know he is not, and I will never go away with him, never. He came into Susanne's, but I jumped out of window as he entered the door, and pray do not tell him I am here, for I hate him, I do."

The light of the miller's candle fell on the pale, tearful face of the frightened girl.

"The tinker—what tinker?" he asked.

"The tinker," she said petishly, as if the world had but one, "and I hate him and do not tell him I am here; and pray do not give me up to him."

If he had been an outcast, steeped in shame and sin, the miller could not have resisted the appeal nor the pitiful

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SUCCESSORS TO IRWIN & WILSON,

RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE citizens of Centre and other counties, that they have one of the largest and best selected stocks of

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IRON, STEEL, NAILS,
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complete stock of

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VARNISHES, BRUSHES,
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LAMPS, OF ALL KINDS,
Scales, Cutlery, Wood & Willow-ware, full line of Saddlery and Coach Maker Goods. Wood Work for Buggies & Wagons

Plows, Harrows Cultivators, Grindstones, Looking Glasses and Mirror Plates, Picture Frames made to order. We also have the celebrated COOK STOVE, SUSQUEHANNA, every one warranted to give perfect satisfaction, and all kinds of PARLOR STOVES. We are determined to sell at the lowest prices for cash, or on short credit not to exceed 3 months. Call and see us as we take pleasure in showing our goods.

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THE PLACE TO BUY THE CHEAPEST

v4n2-1y WILSON & HICKS.

WISHART'S PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL,

NATURE'S GREAT REMEDY

FOR THE

Throat & Lungs.

It is gratifying to us to inform the public that Dr. L. Q. C. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial, for Throat and Lung Diseases, has gained an enviable reputation from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast, and from thence to some of the first families of Europe, not through the press alone, but by persons throughout the States actually benefitted and cured at his office. While he publishes less, so say our reporters, he is unable to supply the demand. It gains and holds its reputation—

First. Not by stopping cough, but by loosening and assisting nature to throw off the unhealthy matter collected about the throat and bronchial tubes, *which causes irritation.*

Second. It removes the cause of irritation (which produces cough) of the mucous membrane and bronchial tubes, assists the lungs to act and throw of the unhealthy secretions, and purifies the blood.

Third. It is free from squills, lobelia, ipicac and opium, of which most throat and lung remedies are composed, which allay cough only, and disorganize the stomach. It has a soothing effect on the stomach, acts on the liver and kidneys, and lymphatic and nervous regions, thus reaching to every part of the system, and in its invigorating and purifying effects it has gained a reputation which it must hold above all others in the market.

NOTICE.

The Pine Tree Tar Cordial,

Great American Dyspepsia Pills,

AND

WORM SUGAR DROPS!

Being under my immediate direction, they shall not lose their curative qualities by the use of cheap and impure articles.

HENRY R. WISHART,

PROPRIETOR.

FREE OF CHARGE.

Dr. L. Q. C. Wishart's office Parlors are open on Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., for consultation by Dr. Wm. T. Magee. With him are associated two consulting physicians of acknowledged ability. This opportunity is not offered by any other institution in the city.

All letters must be addressed to

L. Q. C. WISHART, M. D.,

No. 232 N. SECOND ST.,

PHILADELPHIA.

v4n45-6m

DAUCHY & CO.

DON'T

BE DECEIVED, but for coughs, colds, sore throat, hoarseness and bronchial difficulties, use only

WELL'S Carbolic TABLETS

WORTHLESS IMITATIONS are on the market, but the only scientific preparations of Carbolic Acid for Lung diseases is when chemically combined with other well known remedies, as is these TABLETS, and all parties are cautioned against using any other.

IN ALL CASES irritation of the mucous membrane these Tablets should be freely used, their cleansing and healing properties are astonishing.

BE WARNED, Never neglect a cold, it is easily cured in its incipient state, when it becomes chronic the cure is exceedingly difficult, use Well's Carbolic Tablets as a specific.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, Platt St., N. Y.,
Send for Circular. Sole Agent for the U. S.
1-8t Price 25 cents a box.

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BLOOD PURIFIER

is unequaled by any known remedy. It will eradicate, extripate and thoroughly destroy all poisonous substances in the Blood and will effectually dispel all predisposition to bilious derangement.

IS THERE WANT OF ACTION IN YOUR LIVER & SPLEEN? Unless relieved at once, the blood becomes impure by deleterious secretions, producing scrofulous or skin diseases, Blotche, Felons, Pustules, Canker, Pimples, &c., &c.,

HAVE YOU A DYSPEPTIC STOMACH? Unless digestion is promptly aided the system is debilitated with loss of vital force, poverty of the Blood, Dropical Tendency, General Weakness or Lassitude.

HAVE YOU WEAKNESS OF THE INTESTINES? You are in danger of Chronic Diarrhœa or the dreadful Inflammation of the Bowels.

HAVE YOU WEAKNESS OF THE UTERINE OR URINARY ORGANS? You must procure instant relief of you are liable to suffering worse than death.

ARE YOU DEJECTED, drowsy, dull, sluggish or depressed in spirits, with head ache, back ache, coated tongue and bad tasting mouth?

For a certain remedy for all of these diseases, weaknesses and troubles; for cleansing and purifying the vitiated blood and imparting vigor to all the vital forces; for building up and restoring the weakened constitution USE

JURUBEBA

which is pronounced by the leading medical authorities of London and Paris "the most powerful tonic and alterative known to the medical world." This is no new and untried discovery but has been long used by the leading physicians of other countries with wonderful remedial results.

DON'T WEAKEN AND IMPAIR the digestive organs by cathartics and physics, they give only temporary relief—Indigestion, flatulency and dyspepsia with piles and kindred diseases are sure to follow their use.

Keep the blood pure and health is assured.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., N. Y.
Sole Agent for the United States.
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EMPLOYMENT, $100 per week, agents and others to sell a new article, indispensible to merchants and manufacturers. Address with stamp, E. B. Smith & Co., 95 Liberty St., N. Y. 4-4

A FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS for a reliable man with the assurance of making from $2,000 to $3,000 a year, can be secured in connection with an agency for the sale of works by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, William Cullen Bryant, Harriet Beecher Stowe, &c. Write for particulars to J. B. FORD & CO., New York, Boston, Chicago or San Francisco. 4-4

12 SAMPLES sent by mail for 50c. that retail quick for $10. R. L. WOLCOTT, 181 Chatham square, New York. 4-4t

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v3n21-1y

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227 North Third Street
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The rates at the "Eagle" have been reduced the very moderate sum of $2.25 per day.
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WITH

ARTMAN, DILLINGER & COMPANY

No. 47, NORTH THIRD ST., PHIL'A.,

Two doors above Arch, formerly 226,

MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS IN Carpets, Oil Cloths, Oil Shades, Wick Yarn, Cotton Yarns, Carpet Chains, Grain Bags, Window Paper, Batting, &c. Also, WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE, Brooms, Brushes, Looking Glasses, &c. v1n29-tf.

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NO. 902 Chestnut St.,

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Jewelers and Silversmiths,

IMPORTERS OF

Fine Watches Bronzes, and Fancy Goods,

MODERATE PRICES

FOR

FIRST-CLASS GOODS,

Marked in Plain Figures,

WITHOUT DEVIATION.

Prompt attention given to orders and inquiries by mail.

4-6-1y.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the Estate of Henry Hartswick, late of Harris twp., dec'd., having been granted to A. B. Hartswick, of said twp., on the 16th day of February, 1873. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to call and settle without delay, and those having accounts against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

4-6t. J. B. HARTSWICK, Exec'r.

$75,000 IN CASH FOR $1.

Omaha Lottery!

To erect the Nebraska State Orphan Asylum to be drawn in Public, March 31st, 1873. Tickets $1. Each, or Six for $5. Tickets sent by Express C. O. D., if desired. 1 Cash Prize, $75,000; 1 Cash Prize, $25,000; 1 Cash Prize, $15,000; For balance of Prizes sent for Circular. Endorsed by his excellency Gov. W. H. James, and the best business men of the State. AGENTS WANTED. Address J. M. PATTLEE, Manager, Omaha, Nebraska. 5-4t

DAUHCEY & CO.

AGENTS. It Sells Quick among all classes. Old people, the middle aged, those who are just entering life, and youth of both sexes buy and read with the greatest profit.

MY JOLLY FRIEND'S SECRET

DIO LEWIS' last and best book.

It is meeting with the greatest success; and there's MONEY IN IT.

Send for our circulars, etc., which are sent free. GEO. MACLEAN, Phila.
1-8t

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The Ladies' Friend. Ask your grocer for it.

BARTLETT'S BLACKING

always gives satisfaction. Try it.

PEARL BLUE

for the laundry has no equal. SOLD BY GROCERS. H. A. BARTLETT & CO., 115 & 117 North Front Street, Philadelphia, 143 Chambers Street, New York, 43 Broad Street, Boston.
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Prof. FOWLER'S GREAT WORK

On Manhood, Womanhood and their Mutual Inter-relations; Love, Its Laws, Powers, etc.

Send for specimen pages and circulars, with terms. Address, NATIONL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 1-8t

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First Premium A.M. Inst. 1871

Double Elevated Oven, Warming Closet, Broiling Door, Fender Guard Dumping & Shaking Grate, Direct Draft. FULLER, WARREN & CO., 236 Water Street, N. Y. 4-4t

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The Guide is published quarterly. **25 cts.** pays for the year, which is not half the cost. Those who afterwards send money to the amount of One Dollar or more for Seeds may order **25 cts.** worth extra—the price of the Guide. The first number is beautiful, giving plans for making **Rural Home, Dining Table Decorations, Window Gardens,** &c., and a mass of information invaluable to the lover of flowers. **150 pages** on fine tinted paper, some **500** engravings, and a superb **Colored Plate** and **Chromo Cover.** The First Edition of **200,000** just printed in English and German.

4-4 **JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.**

WANTED to employ for the spring and summer, SCHOOL TEACHERS and other intelligent men to solicit for my new VALUABLE, beautifully illustrated and EASY SELLING publications. Before making other engagements, address, STATING EXPERIENCE, if any, H. C. JOHNSON, 700 Arch St., Phila. 4-4

ESPECIAL ATTENTION

of manufacturers who have become disgusted with the odors of Paraffine Oils and their ill effects upon machinery, is invited to

E. H. Kellogg's SPERM Engine Oil @ $1.20 ₰ gal
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Manufactured only by 4-4
E. H. KELLOGG, 17 Cedar Street, New York.

WANTED. IF YOU WISH TO BUY A SEWING MACHINE for family use, or act as agent, address WASHINGTON SEWING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass. 4-4

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR

10 YEARS

—OF A—

PUBLIC TEST

Has proved

Dr. Crook's WINE OF TAR

To have more merit than any similar preparation ever offered the public.

It is rich in the medicinal qualities of Tar, and unequaled for **diseases of the Throat and Lungs,** performing the most remarkable cures.

Coughs, Colds, Chronic Coughs.

It effectually cures them all.

Asthma and Bronchitis.

Has cured so many cases it has been pronounced a specific for these complaints.

For pains in Breast, Side or Back,

Gravel or Kidney Disease, Diseases of the Urinary Organs,

Jaundice or any Liver Complaint,

It has no equal.

It is also a superior Tonic,

Restores the Appetite, Strengthens the System,

Restores the Weak and Debilitated,

Causes the Food to Digest,

Removes Dyspepsia and Indigestion,

Prevents Malarious Fevers, Gives tone to your System,

For Scrofula, Scrofulous Diseases of the Eyes, or Scrofula in any form.

Any disease or eruption of the Skin, disease of the Liver, Rheumatism, Pimples, Old Sores, Ulcers, Broken-down Constitutions, Syphilis, or any disease depending on a depraved condition of the blood, try

DR. CROOK'S SYRUP OF POKE ROOT.

It has the medicinal property of Poke combined with a preparation of Iron which goes at once into the blood, performing the most rapid and wonderful cures.

Ask your Druggist for Dr. Crook's Compound Syrup of Poke Root—take it and be healed.

4-14-1y.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

Wednesday Morning, March 5, 1873.

E. T. & R. P. TUTEN,.....Proprietors.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, ...Editor.
ROBERT P. TUTEN,.....Publisher.

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance.

NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the Post Office—whether directed to his name or not—is responsible for the pay.
2. If a person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the office or not.
3. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the Post Office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima-facie evidence of fraud.

Communications.

[For the REPUBLICAN.]

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
February, — 1873.

DEAR REPUBLICAN:—Having addressed you on a former occasion, lessens the presumption required at efforts in this direction, and looking back I cannot but feel the great change that has taken place since my pleasant sojourn in your vicinity. In 1841 I located in the adjacent village—Milesburg—how I cherish the name. Here I married my wife; here our children were born, and here many pleasant acquaintances were formed that yet fringe life's pathway with pleasant remenicences, and then comes a melancholly aspect—how many have passed from life and its endearing scenes to the untried future, that to know, is to pass from life unto death. These reflections on the growth of a retrospective view that reaches back to younger days—pardon the allusion to self, and allow me to change a little and say a word or two in reference to this section of North Carolina. Well, we have had the company of your clever townsman, D. G. Bush, Esq., with us on two occasions the past three weeks, accompanied first with our mutual friend Thornton Conrow, of Philadelphia; secondly by Wm. Paxson of the same place. Their visits here have resulted in purchases of a substantial character. They have associated themselves with the noted Land and Lumber Co., of N. C., of which Wm. Underwood was the prime mover and *general supporter*, at whose instance have they identified themselves with said company. I hope their investment will prove largely beneficial to all concerned, &c.

We are having fine weather—vegetables are growing, birds and frogs are singing, shad are in the market, farmers plowing and planting peas, potatoes, &c. The hyacinths are in full bloom. The climate here richly contrasts with the central portion of the Keystone, and as to fertility of soil, as a rule, we are not far behind, though I confess that the "foot prints" of that institution that cursed the "sunny south," are plainly visible yet. Then, come down, and assist us to obliterate it, and in its stead let us have the institutions of literature, science, good husbandry, and with them, the *locomotive* gods preaching of progress and civilivation.

Northern families enjoy reasonably good health. The writer is heavier than he ever was before.

Corn and cotton was an average crop—the former low, the latter sold at paying prices.

This place, owing to the many 'Yankees' located here, is assuming a somewhat Northern aspect.

I note, in "convention," that Mr. Brumell of Delaware county gave your clever Representative a few ideas that perhaps he had not thought of, on the important question of women's suffrage. Progression is indelibly stamped upon politics, science, religion, and I am glad that Centre county's progress is marked and onward. Compliments to you and all my friends, I remain as ever,

Your friend,
C. C. PRICE.

[For the REPUBLICAN.]

The following letter from my friend, is a private one on the "jurn business;" but I cannot better advertise his wares than by publishing it:

LEWISBURG, Feb. 22, 1873.

FRIEND LINN:—Hes I expect to go to Sugar Valley next week, zu sprechen on der local opposition, I sought I would come over into Zandre Gounty after der election on ter sell my patent jurn. Whereas, not knowing how Zandre gounty goes on der opposition, I sought I would write you a few lines, als you write to the the care of Geo. Hachenbach, at Logansvills, before I goes up, als I not better turn my patent jurn into a patent whiskey jurn als Zandre gounty go for der local opposition.

Als I was down to Leehau and Norsampton county, where is more as a dousand fiddlers, before der last election, I sought I was tell you how it was. Well, as the first man I meets was Solomon Gebheart, Sol. says, "why as Reuben, how you was? You not been here des zwanzig yahr. How is der old Mike?" (meaning not Mike Kleckner as I sought, but Mike Fichthorn.) Says I, Sol., Mike is so guten germany reformed as ever, awber he says he nichts carry it on very strong, awber he is so goot a dimmecrot as ever. He sinks, however, der liberals als going to play der yeller dog. Den Sol. says, "how is it about our barty, Reuben?" Well says I, Solly, you know I was so goot a Dimmecrot als any mans, awber as jush tells you, as our barty is gone under, als we not stop der Sunday Schools, als we not allow our poys to beat bumble bees nests, and hunt and fish on Sunday, and als we not elect men as will take der tax off whiskey.

Now, als I tells you, I first zu Kommon Derrstown, Solly; der alt Gally, der Aiken and der alt Linn, talk nutting but abolitions; my boys dey go to Sunday School and dey learn abolitions and after while dey durn ze old man. Well, I goes to der town hall, and I listens to dem, awber I didn't care a dang about dare talk; as one night an abolitionist komme, der McKim; and der breachers say he should nichts sprechen um alles, when der Sheller, der Gally and der Linn say he shall; and one deal of a row was raised—alis I was in favor of free speech, allus I sat on der seat mit Gally, the first fellow as makes for McKim, I smites him in der eye, onder den I was an abolitionist. Nach mals der Hairbaugh zu kommen Derrstown und breach for the Germany reformed, whereas Mike ane I belongs. Well, no difference what der Hairbaugh's text, als he breach about der flood, und Jarley Gline come in, he stretch on his sermon to Noah's Vineyard, and den he hammer de grog-seller, so as I becomes temperance, awber Mike he did not.

Den Solly says, "Reuben, we beat you anyhow, als Aleck McClure, John Furney and Jarley Houer is onder our barty." An well Sol., says I, you know how it was ven our flocks of sheep got so very big, some of dem would get schnotty; well, den, we frowed them over de fence to die; well, den, de mountaineers would come down and take dose schnotty sheep and dey would wipe away de schnot and sprinkle dem mit flour and salt, and when de butcher would come around dey would schwear it was so guten de hammel as any on der Lehau. Just also der party say der Aleck und der Forney und der Jarley Hower, just so guten der hammel als any der country.—Solly says, "Yaw, yau, Reuben." * *

ALL FOR LOVE.

A YOUNG MAN DIES WITH HIS DEAD WIFE'S CLOTHING IN HIS ARMS.

Frank Walkey, a young man 22 years old, was found dead in his bed at the residence of Mr. Martin Crammer, on Jefferson street, yesterday morning. The circumstances of his death are peculiar. Walkey was a barber by trade, and about three months ago was working in this city. At that time he eloped with the daughter of Mr. Crammer, a girl of 16. They went to Bangor were married, and went to Toledo, where Walkey secured work. Very soon, however, the young wife sickened and died of diphtheria, and young Walkey brought the body here for burial. He has remained here since, working in a barber shop on Potter street. It would seem that his wife's death affected him greatly. He was low-spirited, and took at times to strong drink. Whenever he did this his constant talk was of his wife, and at numerous times he has acted in such a way as to convince his acquaintances that his mind was shattered.—About three weeks ago, or soon after his wife's burial, he attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat with a razor, but was discovered in time to prevent the commission of his purpose. A week or two ago he started from the shop at eleven o'clock at night, went to the cemetery and brought back a quanty of earth from his wife's grave. He was constantly talking of meeting "my Rosa," this being his wife's name.

When he was found dead yesterday, he was in bed, and in his arms were tightly clasped a dress, a shawl, and numerous other articles of woman's apparel, all of which belonged to his wife. A trunk which had been hers was standing open in the bedroom, as he had left it when he took out the clothing, and a paper which had contained morphine was lying on the floor. It was plain enough, and sad enough. Pressing closely to his breast the garments which had clothed the dead girl-wife, he sought forgetfulness in the drug, and so a faithful heart passed on across the river.—*Saginaw (Mich.) Enterprise.*

FOREIGN.

The Spanish Republic.

Probable Action of European Powers.

ATTITUDE OF GERMANY, RUSSIA AND AUSTRIA.

England Wants Back $2,500,000.

WILL IT BE RECOGNIZED?

LONDON, February 28.—The memorial of Senor Castelar, the Spanish Minister of Foreign Affairs, asking for the new Spanish Republic the recognition and moral support of the great European powers, has been duly considered in the various Cabinets to which it has been transmitted, the result being a postponement for the present of recognition by the powers, of the Spanish Republic. It is probable that considerable diplomatic correspondence may take place between the powers before their attitude toward Spain is officially declared. In official circles here dispatches have been received from Berlin, which indicate the probable position of the German Cabinet in the matter of recognizing Spain. It is claimed a majority in the Cabinet view in the new Republic a new source of European discord and dissension, and the typographical situation of the two Republics, France and Spain may at some distant day threaten to disturb the integrity of the territory of Germany, or that of her allies. This view as is also intimated by Vienna dispatches is partially held by the Austrian Cabinet. The well known hostility of Russia to any Republican movement in Europe will, it is believed, secure her co-operation with the powers named in any movement antagonistic to the two Republics. The feeling in the English Cabinet circles is yet undecided, but it is believed that the prompt recognition of the new Spanish Republic by the United States may influence Great Britain to a similar action.

A COOL REQEST.

LONDON, February 28.—In the House of Commons to-day notice was given by one of the members of an intention to introduce at an early day the question whether the Government should ask the United States Government to refund the surplus of the Alabama claims, on the ground that award made by the Geneva board exceeds by $2,200,000 the actual amount of damage inflicted by the Alabama during the war.

PROFESS IGNORANCE.

ST. PETERSBURG, February 28.—The Government officials here profess ignorance of the revolt of the outbreak in Ukraine or the repulse of the Russian sent to suppress the rising. It is asserted that no dispatches have been received from the Governor or authorities of Ukraine advising the Government of the insurrection.

THE NEW CABLE FLEET.

LONDON, February 28.—The Great Eastern has now on board two hundred and fifty-six miles of cable, and the telegraph fleet consisting of the four steamers, viz: The Great Eastern, the Hibernia, the Edinburgh and the La Platta, with new cable on board, which is to be laid between England, Halifax and New York, will sail the last week in May. It is expected that the cable will be in perfect working order before the first day of July.

PETITION FOR THE WITHDRAWAL OF A BILL.

LONDON, February 28.—The Catholic Bishops throughout Ireland have sent an united request to the Right Honorable Mr. Gladstone for the withdrawal of the University Test bill from Parliament. The communication sets forth that the measure is injurious to the most vital interests of the church and undeserving of general support. Considerable influence is also being brought to bear on the government for the same purpose by the Irish members of the House of Commons.

THE QUOTATIONS FOR COAL AND IRON Are rapidly advancing in consequence of the strikes in the mining districts. It is thought that if satisfactory terms are not quickly arrived at between the strikers and employers the result must prove disastrous to a large portion of the trade.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DR. TIPPLE
OF BELLEFONTE
Treats all Cancers which do not involve internal organs under a guranantee. Empahatically no cure no pay. v5-n7-1y

DR. TIPPLE'S Pile Specific is guarnanteed to cure every case of Piles or money refunded. Sold by ZELLER & SON, Allegheny St., Bellefonte. v5n07-1y

DUPONT'S GUNPOWDER
All kinds Mining, Blasting and Sporting Powder in Metalic kegs, for sale in lots to suit the purchasers, from our Magazines at Mill prices. This well known Powder has been manufactured for over 70 years, and is sold at same prices as other Brands. Also every variety Dry and water *Safety Fuse*.
D. W. C. BIDWELL & Co., Gen'l Agts., Pittsburgh, Pa. 7-4t

CAPHORINE.
PAIN! PAIN! PAIN!—THE GREAT DISCOVERY for the relief of pain and a sure and immediate cure for Rheumatism, chronic and acute, Sprains, &c. It has a pleasant and refreshing odor, and will not grease or stain the most delicate fabric, which makes it a luxury in every family. Price 25 cents per bottle. For sale by all druggists. REUBEN HOYT, Prop'r, New York. 7-4t

BEAUTY AT THE FIRESIDE
Unabated success of
CRUMBS OF COMFORT.
ELEGANT! GORGEOUS! BRILLIANT! Crums of Comfort, the greatest success of the age. Thousands of ladies attest its worth, and unhesitatingly pronounce it the *Queen of Lusters*. The Press universally praise it and proclaim it *woman's every day friend*. Economical, Lasting, Unapproachable. PRICE, 10 CENTS. Ladies will find Crumbs of Comfort for sale by all first-class grocers, hardware dealers, country storekeepers, &c., throughout the United States and Canadas. H. A. BARTLETT & CO., Manufacturers Bartlett's Blacking, Pearl Blue, &c., &c., 113, 115, 117 No. Front St., Philadelphia; 143 Chambers St., New York; 43 Broad St., Boston. 7-4t

"PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents, together with a marriage guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies', &c. A queer, exciting book. 100,000 sold. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's, Phila. Pa. 7-4t

$50,000
Will be distributed this year, to the subscribers for the AMERICAN WORKING PEOPLE, a large quarto, 16 page Monthly, costing but $1 50 per year. It gives a premium to every subscriber, varying from 25 cents in value up to $2, $5, $10, $20, $100, $500, and $500 in Greenbacks, besides Watches, Sewing Machines, Parlor Organs and numerous other premiums of value. Send for specimen and circulars to
CAPRON & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa. 7-3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SEE in another column, advertisement about Iowa and Nebraska Lands. 5-4

WORKING CLASS MALE OR FEMALE, $60 a week guaranteed. Respectable employment at home, day or evening; no capital required; full instructions & valuable package of goods sent free by mail. Address, with six cents return stamp, M. YOUNG & CO, 16 Cortlandt-st, N Y 4w

100 TEACHERS OR STUDENTS
MALE or FEMALE, can secure EMPLOYMENT PAYING FROM $100 to $150 per month during the Spring and Summer. Address PEOPLE'S JOURNAL, 518 Arch-st., Phila., Pa. 6-4t

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LIFE OF NAPOLEON III.
by ABBOTT, New Edition, with accounts of the Prussian War, and the last hours of the Emperor; making an elegant octavo of 700 pages. The times and the theme render it the most popular work of the day. Exclusive territory with no competition. Address at once
QUAKER CITY PUBLISHING CO., 6-4w 217 and 219 Quince-st., Philadelphia.

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BEHIND THE SCENES IN WASHINGTON.
The quickest selling book of the day. It tells all about the great Credit Mobilier Scandal, Senatorial Briberies, Congressmen, Rings, Lobbies, and the wonderful Sights of the National Capital. The demand for it is immence. Agents making early application will secure choice territory. Send for circular, and see our terms and a full description of the work. Address, CONTINENTAL PUBLISHING CO., 4 Bond-st., New York. 6-4w

MASON & HAMLIN
CABINET ORGANS.
The Only American Musical Instruments of such ordinary and recognized excellence as to command a wide sale in Europe, notwithstanding competition there with products of cheap labor.
Always awarded highest premiums, including the Medal of the Paris Exposition. Of hundreds of Industrial Exhibitions, there have not been six in all where any other organs have been preferred to these.
Universally recommended by eminent musicians as possessing excellencies not attained in any others. See opinions of ONE THOUSAND, in Testimonial Circular.
Exclusively employing several important inventions and embracing every real improvement.
The Most Extensive and complete factories in the world, producing better work at less cost than otherwise possible.
Prices Fixed and as low as consistent with scrupulous employment of only best material and workmanship.
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE AND TESTIMONIAL CIRCULAR, WITH IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT ORGANS WHICH MAY SAVE PURCHASERS FROM DISAPPOINTMENT IN PURCHASE OF INFERIOR OR WORTHLESS INSTRUMENTS OR PAYMENT OF HIGH PRICES, SENT FREE.
MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO
154 Tremont St., Boston; 25 Union Square, New York; 80 and 82 Adams St., Chicago. 6-4t

ESTRAY Came to the residence of John L. Thompson in Houston Township, one red and white steer about two years old, a piece of each ear is torn. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away.

THOMAS TOOT Potters Mills travels this and adjoining counties for the purpose of Repairing Clocks and Jewelry. All work warranted one year. v4n5-1y

A BEAUTIFUL CHROMO, Size 14 x 20 in 18 Colors. "The Strawberry Girl." For Every Subscriber to HEARTH and HOME for 1873. The Publishers have secured a very large and most beautiful PAINTING, and they have had perfect copies prepared from it, printed 18 times in colors, to produce the beautiful coloring and shading of the original. A copy is now within easy reach of every Home in America. The Journal itself will be a rich treasure in every Household. A magnificent New American Story by Edward Eggleston has already commenced; the general editorial care will remain as hitherto; and other practical, skillful, instructive, and pleasing writers will constantly aid in providing in HEARTH AND HOME a feast of good things which will make it a most welcome visitor to every Hearthstone and in every Home.
With all these attractions, and other improvements contemplated, the price of HEARTH AND HOME will continue at the low rate of only $3 a year, or $4 for HEARTH AND HOME and the American Agriculturist. (With the Agriculturist there will also be presented a most beautiful Chromo of an original picture, painted expressly for this purpose, entitled "Mischief Brewing," by B. F. Reinhart. Sent, mounted, for only 25 cents extra.)
The HEARTH AND HOME Chromos will be delivered in the order in which the names have been received. No charge for the Chromo when taken at the office, unmounted. If to be sent pre-paid, unmounted, 20 cents must be sent for prepayment and packing.
It will be mounted and varnished, ready for putting into a frame, for 50 cents extra—that is, for 50 cents it will be Mounted, Varnished, Packed, and sent Pre-paid to subscribers (to HEARTH AND HOME for 1873 only).—That is, the HEARTH AND HOME Chromo will be delivered
At the Office, Unmounted,.....Free.
" " Mounted,.....30 cents Extra.
If sent pre-paid, Unmounted,....20 cents Extra
" " Mounted,.....50 cents Extra.
We advise all to have them mounted before leaving the office, as in large quantities we are able to have them mounted for a quarter of the cost of doing it singly, and better than it can usually be done elsewhere.
HEARTH AND HOME
A large, beautiful, highly illustrated, and very valuable Journal—full of instructive and interesting reading matter, just suited to the wants of every home.
TERMS, ALWAYS IN ADVANCE:
One Copy One Year,.....$ 3.00.
Four Copies, One Year..... 2 75 each.
Ten or more Copies,.....2.50 each.
20 cents a year extra when sent to British America.
SUBSCRIBE NOW.
The earlier subscription money is sent in, the sooner Chromos will be received, as they will be delivered in the order of receipt of names.
ORANGE JUDD & CO., PUBLISHERS, 245 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

A BRAVE BOOK
"WHAT WOMEN SHOULD KNOW."
A Woman's Book About Women, by a Women, (MRS. E. B. DUFFEY.)
The only work of the kind ever written by a woman, is a necessity in every household, its entire novelty and eminent practicalism will create an immense demand. Notwithstanding the delicate subjects necessarily treated, it is written in such brave, pure style as will not offend the most fastidious. Lady agents never have had such an opportunity to make money and do good. Terms and sample sheets mailed free on immediate application. J. M. STODDART & CO., Philadelphia. 7-4t

TO BUILDERS!
HAVING purchased the Beech Creek Saw Mill Property, at Snow Shoe, Centre county, Pa., I am prepared to fill orders for
WHITE & YELLOW PINE,
OAK
HEMLOCK LUMBER.
Also, for
SHINGLES, PLASTERING LATH AND PALINGS.
W. M. HOLMES,
Post Office Address, Bellefonte, Centre Co., Pa. 3-4t tf

Miscellaneous Cards.

SOLOMON DERR.—Hereby gives notice to his old friends and the business community generally that he has a good team of horses, and that he is prepared at all times to deliver lumber, flour, feed, or baggage, or anything else in his line, to any part of the town or County. Everything committed to his care, will be attended to punctually. 4-28-1y.

WATCHMAKER!

THE undersigned adopts this method of informing his friends and the people of Centre Co., that he is now located in the room adjoining the store of Harper Bros., on Spring St., where he is prepared to make and repair watches. He is solititous of business and guarentees complete satisfaction to all who may favor him with their work. Clocks watches and jewelry repaired upon the shortest notice. F. C. RICHARD. v4n28-1y.

ESTABLISHED 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.
F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST,
BUSH HOUSE BUILDING, BELLEFONTE,
Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first-class Drug Store. Particular attention given to preparing Physicians prescriptions, and family recipes. v5n7-1y.

ISAAC LOSE Takes this Method to inform his friends and the public generaly that he is prepared to do all kinds of express business and will deliver promptly to any point in Bellefonte or the county anything that may be entrusted to his care. Thankful for past favors he asks a continuence of public favor. 5-6-1y

Books and Stationery.

BOOKS.
BOOKS.
BOOKS.
A FULL LINE OF
SCHOOL, SUNDAY SCHOOL
AND MISCELLANEOUS
BOOKS, STATIONERY,
FANCY GOODS, TOYS AND CONFECTIONERY. ENGLISH AND AMERICAN BIBLES, PRAYER BOOKS AND HYMN BOOKS, PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, PORTFOLIOS, BLANK BOOKS, WRITING FLUID,
MORTON'S GOLD PENS.
LETTER, NOTE AND INITIAL PAPER.
Always on hand and for sale at lowest prices.
J. WELCH & CO.,
OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE. 5-6-tf

CLOTHING.

NEW ARRANGEMENT!
ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER, having purchased the entire stock of the late firm of Sussman & Guggenheimer, except the Leather and Shoe findings, has filled up his shelves with a lot of
SPLENDID NEW GOODS,
embracing
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
DRESS GOODS,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS,
AND FANCY ARTICLES,
and is now perpared to accommodate all his old customers, and to welcome all new ones who may favor him with their patronage. He feels safe in saying that he can please the most fastidious. Call and see,
ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER.
P. S.—Mr. Sussman still continues to deal in
LEATHER AND SHOE-FINDINGS,
CLOVER & TIMOTHY SEEDS.
in the old room, where he may always be found v4n12 1y.

New Clothing Store!
I. L. REIZENSTEIN,
in the corner building, opposite Hoffer's store, Bellefonte, has established a new Clothing store where the best bargains in the county are offered.
$7,50 to $15
FOR SUITS OF THE
FINEST CASSIMERE.
HATS, CAPS,
and a full and complete assortment of everything in the line of Clothing.
Gents' Furnishing Goods,
all directly from their own manufactory. Also,
Jewelry, Watches, Etc.
They have engaged their old clerk, Mr. A. Sternberg, so well known to the people, and who will be pleased to see his old friends. Repairing of Watches promptly attended to, by F. Galbraith. v4n15-1y.

Rowell & Co.
Largest Organ Establishment in the World.
7 Extensive Factories.
J. ESTEY & COMPANY,
Brattleboro, Vt., U. S. A.
THE CELEBRATED
ESTEY COTTAGE ORGANS
The latest and best improvements. Everything that is new and novel. The leading improvements in Organs were introduced first in this establishment.
Established 1846.
SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE

ONLY 10 CENTS
EVERY MAN HIS OWN PAINTER;
Or, PAINTS HOW to SELECT and USE Them
A plain treatise, containing sample card with 42 different actually painted shades and tints, with instructions for exterior and interior House Decoration.
25 copies, bound in cloth, for $5. Sample copies paper cover, mailed, post paid, to any address, on receipt of 10 cents, by the Publisher,
HENRY CAREY BAIRD,
Box 1624, Post-Office, Philadelphia.
See the following valuable extracts from press notices:
"A very valuable book, and no one intending to paint should fail to read it.—*N. Y. Tribune.*
"We did not know so much could be said on the subject of painting a house until we read this excellent book of Mr. Baird's."—*N. Y. Herald.*
"A want long felt at last supplied."—*Scientific American.*
"Not only a necessity to the painter, but valuable to every occupant of a dwelling.—*N. Y. World.*
"Buy 25 copies of this book and distribute them among your friends. If they will heed the advice therein, you could make no more valuable present."—*Chicago Trib.*
"In publishing this book Mr. Baird has done a real service to the community.—*Toledo Blade.*
"We hope the publisher will sell 100,000 copies of this book during '73."—*Boston Advertiser.*
"We have just painted our house as advised by the author, and congratulate ourselves that no dwelling in our neighborhood excels ours in appearance."—*Harper's Weekly.*
"In selling a sample copy for 10 cents, Mr. Baird must feel certain an order for 25 bound in cloth will follow."—*Frank Leslie.*
"We know the town and country paints therein recommended, and can vouch for their value and the excellence of the "Harrison" brand of white lead."—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

ONLY 10 CENTS
BY SENDING ONLY 25 CENTS to JAS. W. REMINGTON, at Moundsville, Marshall Co., W. Va., you will receive by return mail 500 useful receipts.

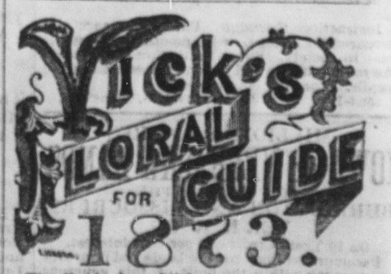
USE the Reisinger Sash Lock and Support to
FASTEN YOUR WINDOWS!
No spring to break, no cutting of sash; cheap, durable, very easily applied; holds sash at any place desired, and a self-fastener when the sash is down. Send stamp for circular. Circular and six copper-bronzed locks sent to any address in the U.S., postpaid, on receipt of 50 cents. Liberal inducements to the trade. Agents wanted. Address REISINGER SASH LOCK CO., No. 418 Market St., Harrisburg, Pa.

WITHERBY, RUGG & RICHARDSON
MANUFACTURERS OF
WOOD-WORKING MACHINERY GENERALLY,
Specialities:—Woodworth Planing, Tonguing and Grooving Machines, Richardson's Patent Improved Tenon Machines, &c.
Central, cor. Union St., WORCESTER, MASS
L. B. WITHERBY, G. F. RUGG, E. M. RICHARDSON

GRANDEST SCHEME OF THE AGE!
$500,000
CASH GIFTS.
$100,000 FOR ONLY $10.
Under authority of special legislative act of March 16, 1871, the trustees now announce the THIRD GRAND GIFT CONCERT, for the benefit of the PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KETUCKY, to come off in Library Hall, at Louisville, Ky., on
Tuesday, April 8th, 1873.
At this Concert the best musical talent that can be procured from all parts of the country will add pleasure to the entertainment, and TEN THOUSAND CASH GIFTS, aggregating a vast total of HALF A MILLION DOLLARS currency will be distributed by lot to the ticket-holders, as follows:

One Grand Cash Gift,			$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift,			50,000
One Grand Cash Gift,			25,000
One Grand Cash Gift,			10,000
One Grand Cash Gift,			10,000
One Grand Cash Gift,			5,000
24 Cash Gifts of $1,000	each,		24,000
50 Cash Gifts of 500	"		25,000
80 Cash Gifts of 400	"		32,000
100 Cash Gifts of 300	"		30,000
150 Cash Gifts of 200	"		30,000
590 Cash Gifts of 100	"		59,000
9,000 Cash Gifts of 10	"		90,000
Total, 10,000 Gifts, all Cash,			$500,000

To provide means for this magnificent Concert, ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND WHOLE TICKETS ONLY will be issued.
WHOLE TICKETS, $10; HALVES, $5; and QUARTERS, $2,50. ELEVEN WHOLE TICKETS for $100. No DISCOUNT ON LESS Than $100 orders.
The object of this THIRD GIFT CONCERT, *like the two heretofore given* with such universal approval, is the enlargement and endowment of the PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY, which by the special act authorizing the concert for its benefit, is to be forever free to all citizens of every State. The drawing will be under the supervision of the Trustees of the Library, assisted by the most eminent citizens of the United States. The sale of tickets has already progressed so far that complete success is assured, and buyers are therefore notified that they must order at once if they desire to participate in the drawing.
The management of this undertaking has been committed by the trustees to HON. THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, late Governor of Kentucky, to whom communications pertaining to the Gift Concert may be addressed.
R. T. DURRETT, Pres't.
W. N. BALDEMAN, Vice Pres't
JOHN S. CAIN, Sec'y Public Library of Ky.
FARMERS' AND DROVERS' BANK, Treasurer, Public Library of Ky., Louisville, Ky.
Orders for tickets or application for agencies, circulars, information, etc., will meet with prompt attention when addressed to me
THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Louisville, Ky., Agent Public Library, Ky.
All orders for tickets may be addressed to THOS. H. HAYS & CO, General Depot of Supply, 609, Broadway, New York. 6-4w



The Guide is published quarterly, 25 cts. pays for the year, which is not half the cost. Those who afterwards send money to the amount of One Dollar or more for Seeds may order 25 cts. worth extra—the price of the Guide. The first number is beautiful, giving plans for making **Rural Home, Dining Table Decorations, Window Gardens**, &c., and a mass of information invaluable to the lover of flowers. **150 pages** on fine tinted paper, some **500** engravings, and a superb **Colored Plate** and **Chromo Cover.** The First Edition of **200,000** just printed in English and German.
6-4 JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY THE

BEST AND CHEAPEST

COOK STOVE,
COOK STOVE,

PARLOR STOVE,
PARLOR STOVE,

SHEET IRON WARE,
SHEET IRON WARE,

TIN WARE, &C.,
TIN WARE, &C.,

TO BE FOUND IN BELLEFONTE,

CALL ON

WETSLER & TWITMIRE,

CORNER DUNLAP AND HIGH STREETS,

(opposite the Bush House,)

v5n4-1y-c-e-3m BELLEFONTE, PA.

TIN AND SHEET IRON EMPORIUM.

P. H. HAUPT,

MILESBURG, CENTRE CO., PA.

I HAVE now for sale at my Tin and Sheet Iron Store, in the above named place, the

EXCELSIOR COOK STOVE,

THE

IRONSIDES COOK STOVE,

Parlor Stoves

of all kinds,

JAPANNED AND PRESSED TINWARE,

and a general assortment of

TINWARE, FRUIT CANS, &c., &c.

Also, STOVE PIPE. STOVE TRIMMINGS,

such as GRATES, FIRE BRICK, &c.

SPOUTING PUT UP,

and Job Work done at short notice.

☞ SAD IRONS of all kinds and sizes for sale. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

P. H. HAUPT,
4-28-1y Milesburg, Penna.

Lumber etc.

W. V HUGHES.

(Successor to Holmes & Company,)

BELLEFONTE

PLANING MILL,

Manufactures and keep always on hand White & Yellow Pine Flooring,

Weatherboarding, of various styles,

Sash,
Blinds,
Doors,
Moulding,
Brackets,
Scroll Sawing of every description

nd Brackets of all sizes made to order.

Having a

BUCKLEY'S PATENT LUMBER DRYER

Connected with our establishment, we are enabled to manufacture our work from

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER.

Orders from
Contractors,
Builders,
Dealers,
and the trade generally solicited.

W. V HUGHES,
v2n12-1y. Bellefonte Centre Co., Pa.

SEE in another column, advertisement about Iowa and Nebraska Lands. 5-4

Hardwarre.

HARDWARE

NO. 5 BROCKERHOFF ROW

J. & J. HARRIS,

SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICES

All sorts of

Forks,
Chains,
Shovels,
Axes,
Grindstones,
Coal Oil Lamps,
Paints,
Oils,
Varnishes,
&c.

We hope by

STRICT ATTENTION TO BUSINESS

to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

BUILDERS AND OTHERS

will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock.

J. & J. HARRIS,
v5n2-1y No. 5 Brockerhoff Row.

LOCAL OPTION as viewed by the official organ of the LIQUOR INTERESTS. Subscription $3 per year. Clubs of 10,$25. Address AMERICAN LIQUOR MEN'S ADVOCATE CO., No. 100 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ A complete file of the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN may always be found at the offices of GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Advertising Agents, 40 and 41 Park Row, New York, who are authorized to represent us in that city.

LEGAL.

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

JAS. S. WEAVER, Treasurer,

DR.

In account with CENTRE COUNTY;

January 1, 1872.		
To balance from S. S. Wolf	$3,081 90	
To amount outstanding last settlement	34,535 69	
To amount ass'd for 1872	28,703 54	
To amount rec'd from County Commissioners and other sources	27,753 59	
		$94,074 72

CR.

Jan. 1, 1873.		
By amount outstanding	$31,739 83	
By exonerations and commissions allowed on collections	2,599 81	
By amount orders paid	54,538 40	
By amount Treasurer's salary	2,010 00	
By balance in Treasury	3,186 68	
		$94,074 72
To balance Jan. 1, 1873	3,186 68	

RELIEF ACCOUNT.

DR.

Jan. 1, 1872.		
To amount outstanding	$524 94	
		$524 94

CR.

Jan. 1, 1873.		
By amount outstanding	$327 95	
By amount exonerations and commissions allowed on collections	167 00	
By amount transferred to County	29 99	
		$524 94

MILITIA FUND.

DR.

Jan. 1, 1872.		
To balance S. S. Wolf	$640 54	
To amount outstanding last settlement	904 44	
To amount ass'd for 1872	973 68	
		$2,518 71

CR.

Jan. 1, 1873.		
By amount outstanding	$1,491 90	
By amount orders paid	253 73	
By amount com. and ex. to collectors	261 55	
By amount commission to Treasurer	12 08	
By balance	564 35	
		$2,518 71
To balance Jan. 1, 1873	564 35	

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

DR.

Jan. 1, 1872.		
To balance from S. S. Wolf	$119 28	
To amount outstanding	2,142 63	
To amount ass'd for 1872	3,701 51	
		$5,963 42

CR.

Jan. 1, 1873.		
By amount outstanding	$2,693 66	
By exonerations and commissions allowed collectors	413 60	
By St. Treasurer Receipts	2,761 72	
By Treasurer's commission	68 28	
By balance in Treasury	16 16	
		$5,963 42
To balance in Treasury, Jan. , 1873	16 16	

FINANCIAL EXHIBIT OF CENTRE CO.

CR.

Jan. 1, 1873.		
By amount outstanding taxes	$37,388 34	
By amount in Treasury	3,186 68	
		$40,575 02

DR.

Jan. 1, 1873.		
To balance due Commonwealth	$1,885 78	
To estimated costs and bills unpaid	1,500 00	
To estimated com. and ex. on uncollected taxes	3,738 83	
To notes and bonds outstanding	28,426 42	
To balance in favor of County	5,023 99	
		$40,575 02
Jan 1, 1873		
By balance in favor of Centre County over all liabilities	$5,023 99	

EXPENDITURES OF CENTRE COUNTY, A D 1872

Auditor's and clerk's pay	$102 00
Commissioner John Bing, balance	359 10
do J G Sankey	203 00
do S F Forster	392 47
do A C Hinton	50 00
do Joseph McCloskey	376 00
William Furey, Commissioners' clerk	650 58
J S Parsons, tipstave	64 00
Bartram Galbraith, janitor	294 75
Sheriff D W Woodring	2,015 26
Commonwealth costs	1,955 90
Premium of Scalps	481 90
Road views, bridges and damages	1,426 66
Grand and traverse jurors' pay	2,924 90
Constable's pay	785 15
Assessors' pay	1,301 00
Registration	614 50
Election expense	2,131 86
Inquisition on dead bodies	424 94
State Lunatic Asylum	896 86
Orvis and Alexander	300 00
Jury Commissioners	92 76
County tax refunded	157 70
P G Meek, printing, balance 1870 & '71	572 80
" " " 1872	477 20
R B Barger & Co, printing	518 00
Fred Kurtz "	202 00
P D Stover "	475 44
Insurance on public buildings	249 94
Stationery and books, John Moran	105 25
" " W F Murphey	40 00
D F Fortney, auditing account	35 00
R M Magee, County Institute	129 55
Elias Grove, carpenter work	93 80
Brown & White, plumbing in jail	73 59
Edward Brown, " "	10 55
George O'Bryan, furniture	61 75
Noll & Derr, plastering	62 75
Robert McKnight, gas	264 26
John McDermot, *et al*	76 30
J D Shugert, Agricultural Society	200 00
Premium on duplicates	55 00
Kay & Brother, Purdon's Digest	5 00
A B Henderson, court reporter	90 00
James H Rankin " "	10 00
J F Ripley, map of Pennsylvania	4 50
Charles M'Cafferty, jail roof	41 95
Western Penitentiary	241 51
Bart Galbraith, expense on clock	60 00
Wm J Kealsh, indexing and auditing	129 67
Alexander & Co, coal	455 20
S Brown and others, wood and cutting	58 25
J P Gephart, deeds	3 50
J & J Harris, *et al*, hardware	40 29
Wm P Mitchell, map Curtin township	250 00
John M'Closky, expenses to Pittsburg	25 00
John S Mallory, smithing	35 58
William E Shope, repairs in jail	66 12
Nora M'Callister, washing	30 25
James H Dobbins, attending prisoners	15 00
W H Wilkinson, boarding jurors	52 50
D Johnston & Sons " "	70 00
J S Lonberger, stoves and repairing	29 70
David Treaster, Potter township fines	116 25
M'Kunkle, cleaning gutters	10 50
Adams Express	2 65
Eastern Penitentiary	244 74
Joseph Deviling, surveying	18 00
David M'Closkey, Curtin twp fines	24 00
Daniel M'Ginly, water tax	120 00
Smith & Owner, smithing	2 25
J H Oreis, order book	10 40
Zeller & Jarret, drugs	2 00
George Livingston, stationery	19 53
W F Murphey & Sons, blank books	65 75
Wm Mann & Sons " "	83 07
Hoffer & Brother, merchandise	34 48
Wm Kuhns "	7 25
Devling and others "	18 75
Wm V Hughes, lumber	35 52
Campbell & Co, ice	2 65
Agnew Moore, B E bridge	417 18
H Y Stitzer, stationery and books	90 36
Wm P Wilson, book case	20 00
Lunatic Asylum, James Test	213 46
S F Forster, extra services assess books and registration	120 00
Daniel Derr, gas fixtures	5 85
Incidental expenses	594 30
Interest and discount paid	3,014 33
Refunded account notes lifted	20,000 00
" road tax, &c	5,640 00
Total expenses	$54,538 30

D W WOODRING, Esq, High Sheriff, in account with CENTRE COUNTY.

CR

Jan 1, 1872		
By balance at settlement	$1,841 26	
By executing venires and summoning jury, Jan term	44 70	
By com and cost Jan term	16 25	
By executing venires and summoning jurors, April term	47 70	
By Com and costs " "	27 85	
By washing blankets, &c	12 75	
By conveying Whippo to Harrisburg	48 40	
By conveying A Cox to Harrisburg	48 40	
By washing blankets, &c	6 25	
By executing venires and summoning jurors, August term	41 70	
By conveying W Tate to House of Refuge,	75 00	
By conveying Mrs Reamer and F Pierce to Lock Haven on *habeas corpus*	26 75	
By executing venires and summoning jurors, special court	29 75	
do do	37 60	
By com and costs, Aug term	33 75	
By executing venires and summoning jurors and court proceedings	44 70	
By conveying T Hickey to Western Penitentiary	75 00	
By conveying B M'Gwire and Calhoon to insane asylum, Danville	80 00	
By com and costs Nov term	17 83	
By stove for library room	22 00	
By gas fixtures for jail	7 50	
By testing and repairing gas	2 50	
By boarding prisoners	473 15	
	$3,057 79	

DR

Jan 1, 1873		
To orders	$2,015 26	
To balance due him	1,042 53	
	$3,057 79	
By balance due him	$1,042 53	

TAXES OUTSTANDING

1865 Martin Murphey, Burnside	$176 32	
Simon Lingle, Liberty	242 22	
	$418 54	
1867 S T Ishler, Benner	$10 04	
W F Tibbins (b) Marion	325 13	
	$335 17	
1868 A Snyder, Bellefonte	$75 51	
A Jones, Philipsburg	95 48	
Wm Askey, Burnside	56 15	
John Powell, Boggs	157 60	
Jacob Hosterman, Haines	447 38	
Wm Cross, Half Moon	58 94	
	$891 06	
1869 D F Fortney (a) Bellefonte	$1,912 52	
J M Bush, Patton	95 99	
D H Yeager, Snow Shoe	106 44	
D Hosterman, Haines	223 03	
John Bechdol, Liberty	169 78	
	$2,507 76	
1870 Daniel Derr (a) Bellefonte	685 61	
John Holter, Boggs	291 30	
Samuel Brickley, Howard	93 57	
James P Smith, Penn	368 51	
Henry Carten (b) Bellefonte	694 49	
E Hunter, Philipsburg	19 64	
A J Hassinger, Benner	392 32	
J S McCormick (c) Ferguson	620 46	
John Minich, Gregg	409 93	
John Ward (a) Half Moon	296 40	
Samuel Brickley, Howard	240 79	
J H McCauley (a) Marion	467 95	
Joseph Croizer, Potter	85 15	
James Gates, Snow Shoe	175 34	
Joseph Shaffer, Walker	689 61	
	$1,075 40	
1872 Charles Brown (a) Bellefonte	$1,792 00	
E H Carr (a) Milesburg	276 81	
William Riddles, Philipsburg	618 81	
Conrad Deihl, Howard	156 66	
Joseph Steer (a) Unionville	129 88	
Thomas Marshall (a) Benner	1,249 05	
J C Walker (a) Boggs	791 69	
William White, Burnside	231 59	
John M'Closkey (a) Curtin	214 38	
Robert G Brett (a) Ferguson	2,146 47	
S Heiss (a) Gregg	2,091 48	
George Miller, (a) Haines	1,611 99	
H J Gates (a) Half Moon	532 97	
Samuel Gilland (a) Harris	2,637 23	
Nelson Askey (a) Howard	509 35	
David W Kline, (a) Huston	257 55	
David Robb, Liberty	480 65	
David Harter, Marion	1,098 20	
Uriah Shaner (b) Miles	958 33	
Jonas Stines (a) Patton	573 99	
Daniel Geary, (a) Penn	1,314 13	
George Stover (a) Potter	2,615 15	
J C Hanson, Rush	865 16	
James Gates, Snow Shoe	563 51	
E W Gettie (a) Spring	1,995 27	
Samuel Hoover (b) Taylor	240 65	
William Spotts (a) Union	267 87	
Jacob Reber (a) Walker	1,585 10	
Philip Williams (a) Worth	195 60	
	$27,821 50	
	$37,388 34	

Those marked [a] have paid part since settlement

Those marked [b] have paid in full since settlement

Those marked [c] have paid $358,26—leaving $223,08

CENTRE COUNTY, SS

We, the undersigned, Commissioners of said county, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the receipts and expenditures of said county, from the 3d day of January, A D 1871, to the 3d day of January, A D 1872

J G SANKEY,
SAM'L F FORSTER,
AUSTIN HINTON,
Com'rs Centre Co.

Attest
WM FUREY

STATE OF PENN'A, CENTRE COUNTY, S.S

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Centre county, do hereby certify, that in pursuance of an Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to counties and townships and county and township officers," we met at the Commissioners' office, at Bellefonte, on the 1st Monday in January, and did audit, settle and adjust the several accounts set forth in the foregoing statement

In witness thereof we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 1st day of January, A D 1873

J M BUSH, L S
ROB'T F HOLMES, L S
Auditors.

Attest
WM J KEALSH 5-4t

NOTICE.—To owners of unseated lands and their agents in Centre county. There will be an appeal held at the office of the Commissioners of said County in Bellefonte, on the 12th day of March for all the townships in Pennsvalley; on the 13th for all the townships in Ball Eagle valley; on the 14th for all the townships of Snow Shoe, Burnside, Rush; and also Nittany valley, for the adjustment of all rates and lines on such lands in said County. As after that date there will be no appeals. All who feel interested in the above will please take notice.

Attest, By ORDER OF COMMISSIONERS.
WM. FUREY, Clerk, 5-4t

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF CENTER COUNTY.

In the matter of the account of James Gates, administrator of Daniel Gates, late of Ferguson Township, deceased. The auditor appointed by the Court, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant, among the parties legally entitled thereto, will meet the parties interested, on Tuesday the 11th day of March, A D 1873, at 2 o'clock P.M., at his office in Bellefonte.

S. D. GRAY.
5-5-4t Auditor.

Elias Howe | *Sewing Machine.*

500! 500! 500! 500! 500!

Manufactured and Sold Daily, of the

NEW IMPROVED ELIAS HOWE SEWING MACHINE!

THE GREATEST PRODUCTION OF INVENTIVE GENIUS, POINTS OF SUPRIORITY, BEAUTY, CONVENIENCE & DURABILITY. IT WILL LAST A LIFE TIME.

ALL of its wearing parts are made of hardened steel, has no Cog Wheels to Break or Rattle; great adjustability, (self-adjusting take-up) adjustable needle-head, will sew light or heavy goods perfect; makes the nicest hem or fell; will gather and sew on, Cord, Tuck, Braid, Binde, Embroider, or will do any kind of work, even make Crotchet Work Perfect.

This Machine makes the celebrated Lock-stitch—the stitch invented by Mr. Howe—alike on both sides. The shuttle tension is upon the thread as it leaves the shuttle, and not upon the bobbin, as in most machines; and this tension is invariable, whether the bobbin be full or nearly empty. It is obtained by turning a screw in the shuttle, and can be changed in a moment, without taking out the work, breaking the thread, or threading through holes.—This Machine is now hung on hinges, and the trouble of taking it from the table to clean and oil obviated.

What we claim, in substance, is, that this is an Honest Machine, and if put in your family, will *do* any and all of your work perfectly, will last a lifetime, is a willing and ready servant, and is not subject to FITS.

Persons who have tried all machines are unanimous in declaring this to be the easiest learned of any in the market. In the majority of cases customers learn from the instruction book without further aid.

This Machine is now for sale in your county by Traveling Agents. If you are not called on by them, and you want the Best Machine for the amount of money you pay out, please address I. F. PALMER & CO., Bellefonte, Pa., or, Philipsburg, Pa., either of which places you may live nearest to, and your order will receive prompt attention in person.—Our Machines are sold on easy terms—either by monthly installments, or by NOTE, CASH or PRODUCE at Market Prices. Needles, Oil, Thread and Extra Attachments constantly on hand at our offices. Office at Bellefonte, in Garman's Hotel Building. Call and see styles and sample work.

I. F. PALMER & CO., Agents.

Emil Joseph and Bro. | *DRY GOODS.*

HURRAH!

CLOTHING!
CLOTHING!
CLOTHING!

The undersigned desiring to dispose of their entire stock of Clothing, in order to make room for a large envoice of FANCY GOODS, are offering it

AT COST PRICES!

Their determination is to quit the CLOTHING BUSINESS, and keep a first class

FANCY, DRY GOOD AND JEWELRY STORE!

They have just received the largest and best

STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS

ever brought to this town, and are, therefore, prepared to hold out

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS

to their old customers and to the public generally. We will

NOT BE UNDERSOLD NOR SURPASSED

IN THE

QUALITY of our GOODS

or in our accommodations to those who favor us with a call. Come in, whether you purchase or not. We sell FOUR HANDKERCHIEFS FOR ONLY 25 CTS. GOOD SPOOL COTTON, 200 YARDS 50 CENTS PER DOZEN. CALICOES FROM TEN TO TWELVE CENTS. A FULL SUIT OF GOOD CLOTHES FOR $5.50. A BEAUTIFUL LINE OF DRESS GOODS SUCH AS

MERINOS, POPLINS AND SILKS

of the best quality, and very low. An endless variety of LADIES RIBBONS.

Also, WATCHES and JEWELRY,

The largest assortment in town. Particular attention will be paid to

REPAIRING WATCHES,

and all work warranted. They also deal extensively in the

PEBBLE GLASS SPECTACLE

This glass is cut out of stone, is clear as crystal, and always cool and soothing to the eyes. These GLASSES can be purchased at no other establishment in this county.

We have the Agency for the celebrated and world-wide known,

MASON & HAMLIN Parlor ORGANS.

A large number kept constantly on and sold at Manufactures prices.

For bargains and the value of your money, call on us before purchasing elsewhere. Don't forget the place. Opposite Wilson & Hicks' Hardware Store.

39-6m. E. JOSEPH & BRO.

44-2m

PHILADELPHIA.

CLARK & BIDDLE

No. 1124 CHESTNUT ST. ROBBINS

PHILADELPHIA,

Invite attention to their large and well selected stock of

Watches, Clocks, Bronzes, Diamonds

SILVER WARE

PLATED WARE,

FANCY GOODS IN GILT & LEATHER,

Ornaments from Paris, Vienna & Berlin.

French Flowers, Table Cutlery, English Umbrellas,

Orders by Mail will receive prompt attention.

1224, CHESTNUT ST.,

PHILADELPHIA.

Stationary, Portable and Blast ENGINES

Saw Mill, Flouring Mill and Blast Furnace Machinery.

H. & P. BLANDY, Newark, Ohio [6-4w

$5 to $20 per day! Agents Wanted! All classes of Working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments or all the time than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. 6-4t.

HORRIBLE!

I suffered with CATARRH thirty years, and was cured by a simple remedy. Will send receipt, postage free, to all afflicted. Rev. T. J. MEAD, Drawer 176, Syracuse, N. Y. 6-4t

$1.000 REWARD

For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that DR BING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles, and nothing else. Sold by all Druggists. Price 1.00. 6-4t.

SAWS

(Established 1830.)

WELCH & GRIFFITHS.

Manufacturers of Saws.

SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.

EVERY SAW WARRANTED.

FILES, BELTING & MACHINERY

☞ LIBERAL DISCOUNTS. ☜

☞ Price Lists and Circulars free.

WELCH & GRIFFITHS

Boston, Mass., & Detroit, Mich. 6-4t

MEDICAL.

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE — FREE FROM ALCOHOL

PURELY — CALIFORNIA

DR. WALKER'S

EUREKA

VINEGAR BITTERS

Vinegar Bitters are not a vile Fancy Drink, made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced, and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the native roots and herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the Great Blood Purifier and a Life-giving Principle, a Perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition, enriching it, refreshing and invigorating both mind and body. They are easy of administration, prompt in their action, certain in their results, safe and reliable in all forms of disease.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain longun well, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. In these complaints it has no equal, and one bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that a marked improvement is soon perceptible.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing also the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs and in Bilious Diseases.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. Says a distinguished physiologist: There is scarcely an individual on the face of the earth whose body is exempt from the presence of worms. It is not upon the healthy elements of the body that worms exist, but upon the diseased humors and slimy deposits that breed these living monsters of disease. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics, will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Typesetters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS twice a week.

Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc., etc. In these as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters act on all these cases in a similar manner. By purifying the Blood they remove the cause, and by resolving away the effects of the inflammation (the tubercular deposits) the affected parts receive health, and a permanent cure is effected.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

The Aperient and mild Laxative properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are the best safe-guard in cases of eruptions and malignant fevers, their balsamic, healing, and soothing properties protect the humors of the fauces. Their Sedative properties allay pain in the nervous system, stomach, and bowels, either from inflammation, wind, colic, cramps, etc.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Directions.—Take of the Bitters on going to bed at night from a half to one and one-half wine-glassfull. Eat good nourishing food, such as beef-steak, mutton chop, venison, roast beef, and vegetables, and take out-door exercise. They are composed of purely vegetable ingredients, and contain no spirit.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, Cal., & cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N.Y.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS & DEALERS.
5-2-3m.

LOGAN FOUNDRY,

NEAR THE RAIL ROAD DEPOT,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

It is with pleasure I inform the people Centre and the adjoining counties, that I am now prepared to make

HOUSE CASTINGS,

such as Sash Weights, Cellar Window Grates, &c., of all sizes.

Grist & Sawmill Castings, Sled

Soles of all kinds, Plows, Plow Shares. I also manufacture the

IMPROVED WORTZ PLOW.

Also, Egg Stoves, Stove Castings, Oven Doors and Grates, Coal Grates for Pavements, Water Pipes, Wagon Boxes, together with every

VARIETY OF CASTINGS,

kept constantly on hand, or made to order. All orders filled promptly. Give me a call. Don't forget the place, near the Railroad Depot, Bellefonte.

v5n1-1y GEO. A. DAWSON.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

OUR TERMS
FORSUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every WEDNESDAY MORNING, in Bellefonte Pa., by

E. T. & R. P. TUTEN,

at the following rates:

One year in advance,.....$2.00
If not paid within 6 months.....$2.50
If not paid for until expiration of year..$3.00

It is Republican in politics—devoted to the Agricultural, Manufacturing and Mining interests of Central Pennsylvania.

Papers discontinued to subscribers at the expiration of their terms of subscription, at the option of the publishers, unless otherwise agreed upon.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cts., per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed upon, by the month, quarter year.

Editorial Notices in our local columns, 25 cts., per line for each insertion.

Marriage or Death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices published free, subject to revision and condensation by the Editors.

Professional or Bussiness Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8,00 per annum.

Advertisements of 10 lines, or less, $1.00 for one insertion, and 5 cts., per line for each additiona insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year
1 inch(12 lin'this type)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$12 00
Two inches.....	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches.....	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches.....	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column.....	12 00	20 00	35 00
Half column.....	20 00	35 00	65 00
On column.....	35 00	65 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Job Work of every variety, such as Posters, Bill-heads, Letter-heads, Cards, Checks, Envelopes, Paper-books, Programmes, Blanks, &c., &c., executed in the best style with promptness, and at the most reasonable rates.

Address all communications, relating to business, to E. T. & R. P. TUTEN, Proprietors, Bellefonte, Pa

Youth's Department.

William Haverly.

"About thirty years ago," said Judge P—, "I stepped into a book store in Cincinnati, in search of some books that I wanted. While there, a little ragged boy, not over twelve years of age, came in and inquired for a geography.

"Plenty of them," said the salesman.

"How much do they cost?"

"One doller, my lad."

The little fellow drew back in dismay, and taking his little hand out of his pocket he commenced to count some pennies and little silver pieces that he had held until they were all damp with sweat. Several times he counted them, and then he said:

"I didn't know they were so much."

He turned to go out and even opened the door, but closed it again and came back.

"I have only got sixty-one cents," said he, "you could not let me have a geography and wait a little while for the rest of the money?"

How eagerly his bright little eyes looked for the answer; and how he seemed to shrink within his ragged clothes when the man not very kindly told him he could not. The disappointed little fellow looked up to me with a very poor attempt at a smile and left the store. I followed out and overtook him.

"And what now?" I asked, kindly.

"Try another place, sir."

"Shall I go too and see how you succeed?" I inquired.

"Oh yes, if you like," said he in surprise.

Four different stores I entered with him an each time he was refused.

"Will you try again?" I asked.

"Yes, sir; I shall try them all, or I should not know whether I could get one."

We entered the fifth store, and the little fellow walked up manfully and told the gentleman just what he wanted and how much money he had.

"You want the book very much?" said the proprietor.

"Yes, sir. very much."

"Why do you want the geography so very much?"

"To study, sir; I can't go to school, but I study when I can at home. All the boys have got one and they will get ahead of me. Besides my father was a sailor and I want to learn of the places where he used to go?"

"Does he go to these places now?"

"He is dead," said the boy softly. Then he added after a while: "I am going to be a sailor too."

"Are you, though?" asked the gentleman, raising his eyebrows curiously.

"Yes, sir, if I live"

"Well, my lad, I will tell you what I will do. I will let you have a new geography, and you may pay the remainder of the money when you can, or I will let you have one that is not new for fifty cents."

"Are the leaves all in just like the others, only not new?"

"Yes, just like the new one."

"It will do just as well, then, and I'll have eleven cents left towards buying some other book. I'm glad they didn't let me have any at the other places."

The bookseller looked up inquiringly, and I told him what I had seen of the little fellow. He was much pleased, and when he brought the book along I saw a nice, new pencil and some clean white paper in it.

"A present my lad, for your perseverance. Always have courage like that and you will make your mark."

"What is your name?"

"William Haverly."

"Do you want any more books?" I asked him.

"More than I can ever get," he replied, glancing at the books that filled the shelves.

I gave him a bank note. "It will buy some for you," I said.

Tears of joy came into his eyes.

"Can I buy what I want with it?"

"Yes, my lad, anything."

"Then I'll buy one book for mother," said he. "I thank you very much, and some day I hope I can pay you back."

He wanted my name and I gave it to him; then I left him standing by the counter so happy that I almost envied him; and many years passed before I saw him again.

Last year I went to Europe on one of the finest vessels that plowed the Atlantic. We had beautiful weather until very near the end of our voyage: then came a most terrific storm that would have sunk all on board had it not been for the captain. Every spar was laid low the rudder was almost useless, and a great leak had been discoverd, threatening to fill the ship. The crew were all strong, willing men, and the mates were practical seamen of the first class, but after pumping for the whole night and still the water was gaining on them, they gave up in despair and prepared to take to the boats, though they might have known that no small boat could live in such a sea. The captain, who had been below with his charts, now came up; he saw how matters stood, and with a voice that was heard distinctly above the roar of the tempest, he ordered every man back to his post.

It was surprising to see all those strong men bow before the strong will of the captain and hurry back to the pumps.

The captain then started below to examine the leak. As he passed me I asked him if there was any hope. He looked at me, then at the other passengers who had crowded up to hear the reply, and said rebukingly;

"Yes, sir, there is hope as long as one inch of this deck remains above the water. When I see none of it then shall I abandon the vessel, and not before; nor any one of my crew sir. Everything shall be done to save it, and if we fail it will not be from inaction. Bear a hand, every one of you, at the pump,"

Thrice during that day did we despair; but the captain's dauntless courage, perseverance and powerful will, mastered every mind on board, and we went to work again.

"I will land you safely at the dock in Liverpool," said he, "if you will be men."

And he did land us safely, but the vessel sunk, moored to the dock. The captain stood on the deck of the sinking vessel, receiving the thanks and blessings of the passengers as they passed on the gang plank.

I was the last to leave. As I passed, he grasped my hand and said.

"Judge P—, do you recognize me?"

I told him I was not aware that I had ever seen him till I stepped aboard his ship.

"Do you remember the boy in search of a geography years ago, in Cincinnati?"

"Very well, sir; William Haverly."

"I am he," said he. "God bless you."

"And God bless noble Captain Haverly!"

RAYSCRAPS.

—A picked nine—The Muses.

—Literary Feathers—Nom de plumes.

—Georgia finds game plenty—chiefly poker.

—It turns out that the woman who has not spoken to her husband for twenty years is an old maid.

—A lady in Birmingham complains that the first year of her married life her husband called her "my dear," the second year "Mrs. A," and the third year "old sorrel top," which was too much for her to bear.

—Two girls were lately prattling together, and one of them said: "We keep four servants, have got six horses and lots of carriages; now what have you got?" With quite as much pride the other answered, "We've got a skunk under our barn."

—An American found himself brought face to face at Rome last month with an old schoolfellow whom he had not seen for years. "You here!" "Yes, my dear fellow, I have just been married and come to pass the honeymoon in Italy." "And your wife?" "My wife? Oh, I left her in New York."

—A Western man managed to run in debt thousands of dollars worth by representing that he had "something laid up for a rainy day." Last week he absconded, and when his safe was broken open, his creditors found that he had laid up something for a rainy day, sure enough—but it was only a blue cotton umbrella.

—A German peddler is the innocent author of a problem of which we beg the solution. He was asked if it was not heavy work carrying a big pack around day after day. "Oh, yes," he replied, "it vas heavy." "Well," said the querist, "do you make much?" "Vell, I dunno; some days I make nothing and oder days twice so much."

—In a San Francisco court, the other day, a little dialogue ran thus: Counsel to witness—"You say you were at his house every night?" "Yes sir." "Were you his partner?" No, sir." "Any relative of his?" "No." "What were you doing at his house every night?" "I was sparking his wife's sister."

—Master Charlie, aged four years, was displeased on being reproved by his mother for some mischievous prank, and showed his displeasure in his face, when his mother remarked: "Why, Charlie, I am astonished to see you making faces at your mother!" Charlie brightened up at once, and retorted: "Why, I tried to laugh; but, mamma, my face slipped."

—Rowley, Mass., has another ghost—an ill-mannered spectre, who will not speak when spoken to, but shovels snow in the early morn, clad in white raiment, and having blood red hands. A ghost that shovels snow in early morning would not be so objectionable this winter, though he ought to consider the sensibilities of nervous people, and wash the blood off his hands.

—Mrs. Shawdee, recently returned from Europe, is a fair illustration of a certain class of travelers one meets with abroad. Being congratulated on the many costly trinkets she exhibited to admiring friends, she remarked: "Ah, but we bought some splendid pictures that are coming home in the steamer, and such be-utifool frames" "Are your pictures landscapes?" inquired one of her visitors. "Landscapes! (indignuntly) no, indeed; they are ile paintin's."

—In the fall of '71 I was traveling in Missouri. While sitting at the table at the Picket House Bluter Bates, a hog drover, stalked in and took his seat. He sat there awhile without saying anything. and finally asked the girl in waiting if she had any bald-headed butter. The girl was astonished, and said, in a tone that indicated that she was angry: "What do you mean by bald-headed butter?" "I mean," replied the drover, "butter without hair in it." The table came near upsetting with the roars of laughter.

Agricultural.

LIMING LAND.

We call the attention of farmers to the following articles on liming land. We will trade lime for wood or any other farm products that will be useful to us.—We will also supply farmers with Flour of Bone, ground Bone, Phosphate of lime and other fertilizers at the lowest cash prices. Orders solicited.

SHORTLIDGE & Co.

Pennsylvania Farmer: I have been interested in reading the views of your Prof. Johnson on the use of lime. Those I take it are the theoretical views of the chemist, and, in the main, they accord with our practice. Farmers all through this State use lime once every five years at least, and sometimes oftener. The general practice is to spread the lime newly slaked and while hot from the heap, in the shape of a fine dry caustic powder, on to the plowed land, just before the wheat is sown. On some occasions I have spread lime in this caustic state on clover sod, to be plowed in Spring for corn, and also, when circumstances have made it necessary, on young wheat, but I never found it to injure either the clover or wheat. I have piled lime in a clover field during the Winter slaked it there, and hauled it away in the Spring, leaving at the bottoms of the heaps lime enough to make 1,000 bushels or more per acre in the most caustic state, and the clover has grown up abundantly through the lime uninjured. I doubt if lime will destroy vegetation as it destroys dead animal matter, as flesh or leather. Moss is not thus destroyed, but the favorable conditions for its growth, and more valuable plants are thus encouraged and usurp its place I do not believe we use lime enough, and in clay soils I believe the quantity recommended by Prof. Johnson, viz., 100 to 150 bushels per acre, preferable to our regular quantity of 50 bushels. Would Prof. Johnson experiment on the effect that caustic lime has upon clay in the way of rendering potash soluble. How lime operates on the soil is one of those things that "no fellow seems to have found out," although I have my opinion gathered from a good deal of practice that it releases potash, as I have found exactly the same results on strips treated with lime and wood ashes alternately. But the main point in practice seems to me to be that as lime in the quantities used by farmers does not injure growing crops, but on the contrary benefits them, that when circumstances have prevented its application on bare land it should be spread on the growing crop by all means; more especially when clover is to be sown in the Spring; clover being the crop most benefited by a dressing of lime.

Will you allow me to propound one or two questions for your consideration, which have been induced by reading in the agricultural department of the weekly "Tribune" of Jan. 8, some experiments by a Pennsylvania farmer in regard to liming land. Says this correspondent: "I have found exactly the same results on strips of land treated with lime and wood ashes alternately." Now, then, lime being an alkaline substance, or largely so, will not plants, in the absence of potash in the soil, make use of lime as a substitute, and use it with equal effect. Common salt being about one-half soda, an alkali, will not these two substances, lime and salt, used on land fully supply the place of potash?—[W. P. Gates, Windham Co., Conn.

Reply by S. W. Johnson, author of "How Crops Feed"

The fact that lime and wood ashes may produce the same effect on a soil is due to the fact that they are commonly almost identical in composition. Shell-lime and burned from many limestones contain, independently of matters introduced by fuel, less than one per cent of other ingredients. Limestones are, however, often admixed with clay, sand, or carbonate of magnesia, and the impure lime obtained from them is, after slaking and exposure, quite like leeched wood-ashes in all essential points of composition. Unleached wood-ashes contain, of course, some 10 or 15 per cent of potash (as carbonate chiefly) in addition. The action of leached ashes must, therefore, be nearly that of ordinary lime when the latter is used after air-slaking, or when it is applied in light doses or on soils whose quality does not admit of much alteration by the chemical energies of quicklime.

Mr. Gates' first question, viz.:—whether, "in the absence of potash from the soil, plants will not make use of lime as a substitute, and use it with equal effect," is one which can be answered with the most positive certainty, no! The numerous and exact experiments which have been carried out with extraordinary labor and patience by Prince Salm-Hortner, Sachs, Knop, and many other of the German agricultural chemists during the last 20 years, have demonstrated that lime and potash are generally indispensable to plant growth. These experiments have altogether failed to give any indication that one of these alkalies can be substituted for the other in the plant. The evidence on that subject cannot be given in less than book-limits, being contained in a large number of detailed journal articles. It is to be regretted that none of these are to be found in an English dress. The only fairly adequate account of the results of these investigations is contained in "How Crops Grow," pp. 166 to 172.

Before proceeding to the second question, it must be remembered that while lime cannot take the place nor fulfill the offices of potash *in the plant*, it may in certain cases take the place of potash in manure If the soil is deficient in potash, no quantity of lime can be a substitute for it, but if, on the other hand, the soil be deficient not in potash absolutely, but in available potash, *i. e.*, in potash which is obtainable or digestible by the plant, then lime serves as a substitute for manuring with potash, by making available the potash which exists in the soil, but only in insoluble forms. Plainly, it amounts to the same thing, whether we apply to the soil a fertilizer containing soluble potash, or a chemical agent which liberates and makes soluble the potash of feldspar mica, and other materials that are a part of the soil.

The second question as to common salt is answered for the most part in the foregoing paragraphs. Potash is a substance for which nothing can be a substitute in the plant. Soda is an alkali often absent from and generally essential to the growth of plants. Even marine or salt-strand plants grow perfectly in absence of soda. Just, however, as lime may accomplish the solution of potash in the soil and render it attainable to vegetation, in sufficient quantity and with sufficient rapidity to make possible the development of a crop which might fail in its absence, so salt and all saline fertilizers operate. and thus salt, neither of whose ingredients is required by many crops, sometimes has a strikingly beneficial action when applied as a fertilizer. E. Wolf analyzed samples of buckwheat raised from the same soil and seed, one of which was manured with common salt, two others with carbonate and nitrate of potash respectively, and one was unmanured. The unmanured contained in its ash 36.4 per cent of potash, and 4.6 of salt; that manured with salt contained 38.6 per cent of potash and three of salt. Those to which potash-salt were added contained 40.1 and 42.4 per cent of potash and 3.2 and 3.8 of soda. The effect of salt was to increase the proportion of potash rather than that of soda. 6-3t

For Sale.

FOR SALE!

A desirable stone dwelling house, with outbuildings, blacksmith stand and lot of land containing about TWO ACRES, covered with a fine lot of FRUIT TREES in a thriving condition, situated about 2 miles west of Pine Grove, on the road leading to Spruce Creek. For further particulars apply to SAM'L GOSS, Rock Spring, Pa. 5-2-3m

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE

The undersigned offer for sale the following desirable real estate, situate in Snow Shoe and Boggs townships, Centre county, to wit: All that certain messuage or tract of land situate in Snow Shoe township, adjoining lands of Meese Gun-alls, John Lucas ann others, containing 152 acres and 51 perches, a portion cleared, balance well timbered and underlaid with coal Also the undivided one-fourth part of a tract of land situate in the aforesaid twp., lately owned by Gideon and Matthias Bechtol, containing 139 acres and 68 perches, is in good state of cultivation, and is underlaid with coal. Also all that certain lot or parcel of ground situate in Boggs twp. adjoining Central City, containing eleven acres more or less thereon erected a large frame building (formerly used as a tannery) and three tenant houses A fine location for manufacturing purposes the Bald Eagle Valley R R passing the property and the Fald Eagle Creek forming the Southern boundary Also all that certain two story stone house and lot of ground in the Borough of Bellefonte adjoining lot of Presbyterian church fronting sixty feet on Spring st., and extending back to new st., containing eleven rooms, fine cellar and supplied with gas and water choice fruit on the premises For further information apply to or address J D Shurgert Centre Co. Bank, or N. M. Hoover, Bellefonte, Pa. 6-tf

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned will expose to public sale, on his farm in Franklin township, Huntingdon County, about half a mile from Penna. Furnace, on

THURSDAY, MARCH 6, 1873,

at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described personal property, to wit:

SIX GOOD WORKING OR DRIVING HORSES,

Four Superior Milch Cows, five Calves, Breeding Sow, Shoats and Pigs, Seed Hog, one 4-horse Wagon, one 2-horse Wagon, one Single Wagon, Gears of all kinds, Yankee Harness, Buggy and Harness, Plows, Harrows, Shovels, Forks, Cultivator, a lot of Grain in the ground, lot of old Lumber, Boxes, Barrels, and other things too numerous to mention. Also, a lot of Household Furniture, Tin Ware, Queens Ware, &c. Everything will be sold without reserve as I am going West. Terms made known on day of sale.

5-8 ISAAC M. CARTER.

Medicines.

THE PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE.

Next door to Wilson's, & Hicks' Hardware store, Allegheny St.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

R. F. Rankin & Co.,

(Successors to Linn & Wilson.)

DEALERS IN

PURE DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, NOTIONS, FANCY ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET, &c.

PURE WINE AND LIQUORS

for medicinal purposes.

SHOULDER BRACES,

TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS in great variety.

Also, Choice

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

and all other articles usually kept in a first class Drug Store.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

4-19-1y R. F. RANKIN & CO.

Dry Goods.

H. S. THOMPSON.

CLOSING OUT SALE

DECIDEDLY IN

FAVOR OF THE BUYER!

We offer our large and varied assortment of

DRESS GOODS, SHAWLS, CASSIMERES, FLANNELS,

FANCY DRY GOODS, LACES,

EMBROIDERED and PLAIN HANDKERCHIEFS,

Also, EARTHEN, CROCKERY, AND GLASSWARE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

WEST INDIA GOODS AND GROCERIES,

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, GUMS,

and in fact everything that can be found in a country store.

WE OFFER THESE GOODS AT LESS THAN COST!

as we are going to give up the business in the spring

Halfmoon, Jan. 29. 5-2-2m

AUCTIONEER.—Samuel Parker offers his services to the people of Bellefonte and Centre county, as Auctioneer. He will cry all sales entrusted to him at reasonable prices.

Address SAMUEL PARKER,
4n-42ly. Bellefonte, Pa.

BAKERIES.

H. D. YERGER'S

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY STORE.

In the marble front of T. R. Reynolds, is really and truly the place to buy

BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, RAISONS, NUTS AND CANDIES OF ALL KINDS.

ICE CREAM

is a specialty and will be kept at al times and at all hours by him.

BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, NUTS, RAISENS, ORANGES, LEMONS, ICE CREAM, &c., &c., all sold by him at the most reasonable rates. Call and see him and rest assured that you will not be disappointed.

H. D. YERGER,
v4n15-1y Bishop St., Bellefonte, Pa.

look she raised to his.

"No one shall touch thee here," he said almost sternly. "And look," he added, drawing a key from his pocket and opening a door at the farthest end of the landing, "this is my dead mother's room.—Take the light, go in, and lock the door on thyself, and let us see who will go in after thee there."

[REMAINDER NEXT WEEK.]

Are Men and Women Fond of Each Other?

The *Pall Mall Gazette* is exercised over the question whether "men are more interesting to men than women are, and whether women find more in women to interest them than they do in men." The *Gazette* comes to the unwelcome conclusion that the pretended fondness of the two sexes for one another is the great fundamental hypocrisy of the race.

"It would be unfair to dwell too much on the circumstance that they make one another uncomfortable in a way that men never make men nor women women, taking that fact by itself. This might be a mere result of their being different,—But a review of the whole case tends to establish a general incompatibility between the two. Things will have to alter very much if men and women are ever to get along well together. The pretense that they are dying of sheer liking for one another is not only proved, it is disproved. Not merely is that kind of mortality wholly absent from the returns, but after all these centuries the two sexes greatly keep aloof from one another.

Whenever you can get a glimpse of their true tendencies, it comes out clearly enough that men and women are domestic creatures under compulsion. All kinds of social contrivances have been tried, the real purpose of which, no matter how it may be disguised, is to separate the sexes, and so secure for each the pleasure of being only in its own society. There is no sacrifice men will not make to get this luxury. They will support the costliest clubs, they will smoke, they will pretend any sort of recreation from cards down to billiards, sooner than not be apart from women for a portion of their time. The like thing holds of the ladies in their own way. The inability of the men to stay at home allows their wives to assemble mutual cubs in their own drawing rooms, and they do so. For one club the men have, the women have hundreds—just as many as there are houses.

The truth is, the tastes of the sexes radically differ. At home feminine likings prevail, and there is no man who is not more or less aware that the minor arrangements and the wonderful and to him superfluous filigre-like ornamentation of his house, are not for him nor for his sex, but for other. Just as little can it be doubted that men and women dress each for their own sex; that it is the admiration of their own kind, not of the opposite one, they lay themselves most out for. Men and women are in a perpetual condition of surprise, and scoff at each others' styles, both always self-complacent, and altogether omitting criticism of their own.

Conversation equally betrays this natural opposition. If the sexes had real respect for one another, would they indulge in those unbelievable compliments? Neither does it to those of their own kind whom they honestly like. The artificial style of talk which is the traditionary custom of the sexes is plainly that of creatures who do not understand each other and have mutual suspicions. Being strange, they betake themselves to compliments.

A qualification in reference to the family relation has to be made. To a man his mother is not a woman—she is a divinity. The like partly holds in a girl of her father, and brothers and sisters are not any sex. But get outside of this non sexual circle, and the antipathy comes quickly into play. Boys nearly hate girls, and the feeling is returned.

Old men care nothing for women except as nurses; old women creep together. It is only during the central portion of life that the sexes can be said to be civil to one another. In fact, if nature had not forced men and women to leave each other during that portion willy-nilly; and given them that incredible and perplexing bribe of children, it is doubtful whether they would have any mutual liking. Love is all that exists between them.

It is astonishing, considering what a complete, intricate, long association the bringing up a family ties a couple to, that they do not become more really intimate than they do even in the best cases. Doubt may well be felt that there are few husbands and wives who, in spite of all the trials they have shared, have not at the bottom of their hearts a sence of greivance one against the other,

It is all very sad; but it cannot be helped. The sexes are a partial failure, and somehow has arisen an enormous exaggeration of their liking for one another. Looked at calmly, the interest which each has for the other is wofully lacking in versatility; it is alike monotonous and small—mere love, in fact.

—Creditor. "How often must I climb three pair of stairs before I get the amount of this little account?" Debtor—"Do you think I am going to rent a place on the first floor to accommodate my creditors?"

Moral and Religious.

SUNDAY READINGS.—No. 4.

MISAPPREHENSION OF SCRIPTURE PHRASES.

"In which are some things hard to be understood."—PETER.

It is not at all surprising that the sacred Scriptures, which were written in an age remote from our own, in languages that have ceased to be spoken, and under circumstances of the social condition differing entirely from the present, should contain forms of speech not readily apprehended. From the last-named cause alone innumerable difficulties present themselves to the ordinary reader. Government, social customs, occupations, arts, trades, manners, everything, indeed, is changed. Scarcely any of the objects and usages of common life, which were perfectly familiar to the people at the periods in which the Scriptures were written, are known to us at all; so that language which was in every respect appropriate and expressive then, would in many instances appear obscure and enigmatical now.

Take as an example.—"Whosoever shall compel thee to go a mile, go with with him twain." At this time, when no one has authority to compel another, against his will, to attend him on the road this language appears unmeaning. But when we learn that in all eastern countries it was a common custom for the king's couriers, when the emergency rendered it necessary, to demand the aid of both men and horses to help them onward, it becomes significant, and teaches forcibly the duty of cultivating a patient and generous public spirit.

So also:—"Two women shall be grinding at the mill; one shall be taken and the other left." Such an occupation is unknown to the females of the present day; to the common reader, therefore, the language must be unintelligible. But when he learns that in Judea all grain was ground in mills turned by the hand, and that this labor was performed exclusively by women, he discovers its applicability.

The frequent allusion in the New Testament to the custom of washing one another's feet,—a duty, indeed, which was enjoined upon the followers of Christ by express commandment,—seems odd and unnatural enough at this day; and the attempt to observe it, according to the usage of the early Christians, would be altogether ludicrous. But when we know that at that time the feet were protected only by *sandals*,—a piece of leather fastened by thongs so as to cover the bottom of the foot, leaving the rest uncovered, we can see that frequent ablutions would be necessary, both to cleanliness and comfort. The interchange of civilities, therefore, in the observance of this usage, was an appropriate token of humility and brotherly affection.

When one of the disciples of John inquired of Christ.—"Why do we and the Pharisees fast often, but thy disciples fast not?"—a part of the Saviour's reply was.—"Neither do men put new wine into old bottles, else the bottles break." In this allusion we can discover no propriety, since with us bottles are of glass, a material not weakened by age. And it is only by learning that at that period they were made of the skins of animals, that we can discover any truth in the comparison, or instruction in the reply. The disciples of John and the Pharisees fasted often; but similar austerities imposed upon the followers of Christ, together with the persecutions they necessarily encountered, would be more than they could bear. As decayed leathern bottles, containing new wine, are burst by the pressure of fermentation, so persecutions, superadded to these austerities, would dishearten and discourage his disciples. And thus the Saviour taught the wholesome lesson that he would impose upon his followers no needless restraints,—no burdens they were not able to bear.

In the language of the Saviour, in which he compares the Jews to children in the market-place, who would neither dance when their playmates piped, nor lament when they mourned, who can discover anything in the allusion at all analogous to our times? Consequently, to most of us the illustration is without point. But the comparison is peculiarly forcible, when we discover the usage on which it was founded. As at weddings, hired pipers were employed to give hilarity to the event, so at funerals, hired mourners were employed to give effect to the solemnity of the scene. Children were accustomed to play these events over in the market-place. And the Jews, who opposed John because he fasted, and Christ, because he did not fast, were like illhumored children, who would join in neither the funeral nor in the wedding sports. They rejected John for his sternness, and Christ for his cheerfulness.

These are a few of the instances in which the instruction of the Scriptures is drawn from objects and usages perfectly familiar then, but wholly unknown among us. Innumerable examples of a similar character might be adduced. Indeed the greater part of the doctrinal and moral precepts of the Saviour were communicated by illustrations drawn from customs and pursuits which made up the common life of that age, but which form no part of the common life of this; and, consequently, of which, either from observation or experience, we know nothing. Is it strange, then, that if much in the sacred writings was "hard to be understood," even in Peter's day, it should be difficult to comprehend and rightly apply it now?

But it is not alone from this source that obstacles are encountered in the study of the Scriptures. Many still more formidable arise from the difficulty of expressing, in our language, the precise thoughts originally communicated in languages that have long since ceased to be spoken. Of this, however, I propose to speak on another occasion.

Insurance.

JOSEPH A. RANKIN, Continues to insure Real and Personal Property in the following Companies, viz: Lycoming Fire Insurance Company of Muncy Pa., Franklin Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia Pa., German Insurance Company of Erie Pa., Armenia Insurance Company of Pittsburgh Pa., Columbia Insurance Company of Columbia Pa., and National Insurance Company of Hartford City. Office opposite the Presbyterian Church. v-4-no-2-1-y.

Attorneys and Agents.

JOHN F. POTTER, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. oct27'69-tf.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on High St. ja4'71-tf.

N. M ALLISTER..... JAMES A. BEAVER.

M'ALLISTER & BEAVER, Attorneys-at-Law Bellefonte, Pa. v5n1-1y.

ISAAC LYTLE, Attorney-at-Law, Officee with Wilson & Hutchison, Allegheny street, Bllefonte, Pa. v4n46-1y

WM. P. WILSON, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte Pa. Office in Mrs. Benner's Building, Bellefonte Pa. v4n12-1y

E. BLANCHALD.....E. M. BLANCHARD

E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. v5-1-1y.

J. J. LINGLE, Attorney at Law Osceola, Clearfield County, Pa., will practice in the several Courts of Clearfield and Centre Counties. 5-6-1y.

J. S. BARNHART, Attorney at Law. Collections and all other legal business promptly attended to, Office, 2nd floor over Bank of Wm. F. Reynolds & Co. v5n7-1y

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co.'s Bank. v4n27-1y.

ROLAND C. CHEESMAN, Notary Public, Military Claim Agent and Conveyancer will attend faithfully to all business entrusted to his care. Office Nearly opposite the Court House, two doors from the Law-Office of Messrs Bush & Yocum. v4n20-1y.

ADAM HOY. JAMES T. HALE

HOY & HALE, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Bellefonte, Pa., will attend to all business submitted to them with promptness and dispatch. Special attention given to Orphans Court Practise and Collections. Remittances promptly made. v4n42-1y

D. G. BUSH..... GEO. M. YOCUM.

BUSH & YOCUM, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa., will attend to all business entrusted to them, with promptness. Office Northeast corner of the Diamond, in Mrs. Irwin's stone building. v5n4-1y.

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Prescriptions carefully prepared at all hours of the night or day. 5-1-y

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JAMES H. DOBBINS, Physician and Surgeon. Office up stairs in J. H. McClure's building, Bishop street, Bellefonte, Pa. Will attend to all business in his profession, faithfully at all times and all hours. v5n2-1y.

DRS. T. R. & R. F. HAYES, Physicians and Surgeons, offer their professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity. Office over *Watchman* office. Residence last house on East Linn Street v5n5-y

GEO. L. POTTER, M. D, Physician and Surgeon, offers his professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity. Office removed to house formerly occupied by Mrs Livingston, on Spring street, two doors South of Presbyterian church. mar16'70-tf.

J. C. McENTIRE, Dentist, notifies his friends and the public generally, that he has opened an office for the practice of his profession, in the brick building opposite the "Republican" office. All persons wishing Dental operations, teeth or repairs will please call. All I ask is a trial. Work warranted. 4-22-1y

S. BELFORD D. D. S.—Offers his Professional serveces to the citizens of Centre Co. Office over Wilson's Drug Store, one Doore Below Irwin & Wilson's Hardware Store. All Work intrusted to me will be Executed in the Best Manner.

Vulcanite, full Setts..... $30
Upper Setts..... $15
Partial Setts $2 per tooth. Please give me a call. v3n-14

J. W. RHONE, Dentist, Boal-burg, Penn'a. In his office every Monday and Saturday of each week. Agent for the new Improved Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Also Agent for the New York Mutual Life Insurance Company. The Assets on 1st January, 1872, were $51,577,997 60. Its cash Receipts During the year 1871, were $15,565,644 77. The cash Dividends paid to policy holders in 1871, were $3,365,495 12.

☞ The ratio of Expenses (including taxes) to receipts during the year 1871, were only seven and eight-tenths per cent., which is much less than any other Company. 5-2-y

BANKS.

C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v5n1-1y.

H. BROCKERHOFF, Pres't...J. D. SHUGERT, Cash'r.

CENTRE COUNTY BANKING CO., receive Deposits and allow Interest, Discount notes, Buy and sell Government Securities, Gold and Coupons. v5n2-1y.

MOSES THOMPSON, JOHN I. THOMPSON
WM. THOMPSON, JR.

JOHN I. THOMPSON & CO.,

BANKERS,

LEMONT, CENTRE CO., PA.

v4n26-1y

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M. S. GRAHAM, Fashionable Barber, in Basement of the Conrad House Bellefonte Pa. The best of Razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a SHAVE without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, Hair Oil Hair Restoratives, Paper Collars, &c., constantly on hand. ja12'72.-1y.

Tobacco.

NATHANEL BECK keeps constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of Cigars Snuff fine cut and plug Tobacco; also pipes and Cigar holders of every variety. Call and see. Next door to entrance of Bush House.

Coal, Lime, &c.

WM. SHORTLIDGE. BOND VALENTINE

Shortlidge & Co.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

SELL

ANTHRACITE COAL

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POWDER,

FIRE BRICK,

IMPLEMENTS,

FERTILIZERS!

Office and Yard near South End of Bald Eagle Valley Railroad Depot,

v4n34-1y

Coal! Coal! Coal!

HAVING erected new Coal Sheds and new Scales, (Fairbanks') we are prepared to furnish the

Very Best Quality

OF

Wilkesbarre and Shamokin Coal!

to all who may want the same, at the

MOST REASONABLE PRICES

Our Coal is of the very

BEST IN THE MARKET

and will be delivered at the residence of all parties in Bellefonte, as low as the same quality of coal can be had elsewhere.

All orders left with J. P. Gephart, at his office in the Conrad House, or at the Coal Yard, will receive prompt attention.

ALEXANDER & CO.

Grain and Flour.

BELLEFONTE MERCHANT MILLS.

J. M. WAGNER & CO.

inform their friends, and the people of Centre and adjoining counties that they continue to do business at the Bellefonte Mill. They keep constantly on hand the very best of

FAMILY AND SUPERFINE FLOUR,

Corn Meal, Feed of all kinds, such as Corn in the Ear, Rye, Chop, Corn Chop, Rye, Corn and Oats Chop, mixed in equal quantities, which they sell wholesale and retail at the lowest reasonable rates. They also buy

GRAIN OF ALL KINDS,

for which they pay the Highest Market Price, and pay the cash right down. No farmer need come the second time for his Greenbacks. Give us a trial. JOHN M. WAGNER & CO.,

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GEORGE BLYMYER, ANDREW BLYMYER
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MILROY WAREHOUSE,

G. BLYMYER & SONS

having taken possession of the Warehouse in

MILROY, MIFFLIN COUNTY, PA.,

beg leave to announce to the citizens of Centre county, that they are prepared to buy

ALL KINDS OF GRAIN,

at the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICES

SALT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

COAL & PLASTER ALWAYS

ON HAND.

thankful for past favors, we solicit a continuance of the same. v3n27-1y

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IRON! IRON!

A general assortment of all sorts of

IRON OF ALL SIZES,

including Horse-shoe and Axe iron, and Steel Tire and Sleigh Soles. Also

STEEL FURNITURE

AND

BED SPRINGS,

of all shapes and sizes, for sale by the

BELLEFONTE IRON COMP'Y.

v5n1-tf

MILESBURG FOUNDRY.

CASTINGS AND MACHINERY OF ALL kinds made and fitted up in the best style

Thimble SKEINS

of the last improved style, Wholesale or Retail.

Turbine Water Wheels, Engines, &c.,

made to order. [4-29-1y] J. M. GREEN.

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Steam Engines,

TURBINE WATER WHEELS,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

Mill Machinery.

v4n46-1y.

HAYES, COULTER & CO,

Successors to W. A. Arnold,

MANUFACTURERS OF

HEATERS, RANGES, LOW GRATES,

AND

MARBELIZED SLATE MANTELS

Send for Catalogue.

No. 1305 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

4-28-1y.

SEE in another column, advertisement about Iowa and Nebraska Lands. 5-4

Hotels.

RAIL ROAD HOUSE,

Corner Front and Pine Street,

PHILIPSBURG, CENTRE CO., PA.

ROBERT LOYD, Prop'r.

The best of Liquors and Segars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords. v4n25-1y

NATIONAL HOTEL,

MILLHEIM, CENTRE COUNTY, PA.

The undersigned adopts this method of informing the travelling community, and citizens generally, that he has refitted and furnished anew throughout, with first-class furniture, this well known and established house—

THE NATIONAL HOTEL, MILLHEIM, PA.

He is well prepared to furnish first-class accommodations to all who desire to make a hotel their Home, or pleasant temporary abode. The custom of the travelling public, and the surrounding country, is respectfully solicited. Courteous and attentive servents are engaged at this popular Hotel. The Stabling is the very best, and none but careful and accommodating Hostlers are employed.

JONATHAN KREMER,

jy14'73-1y. Prop'r.

BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,

ALLEGHENY STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

D. JOHNSON & SONS, Proprietors.

A FIRST CLASS HOTEL—COMFORTABLE ROOMS,

PROMPT ATTENDANCE.

ALL THE MODERN CONVENIENCES—

AND REASONABLE CHARGES,

The proprietors offer to the traveling public, and to their country friends, first class accommodations and careful attention to the wants of guests at all times, at fair rates. Careful hostlers and good stabling for horses. An excellent table will served. A Bar supplied with fine liquors. Servants well trained and everything requisite in a first class Hotel. Our location is in the business part of the town, near the Post Office, the Court House, the Churches, the Banks, and the principal places of business, renders it the most eligible place for those who visit Bellefonte, on business or for pleasure.

AN OMNIBUS WILL CARRY PASSENGERS

and baggage to and from all trains free of charge 4-35-y.

BUSH HOUSE,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

First-Class Accommodations

FOR

300 GUESTS

W. H. WILKINSON & CO.,

v5n1-1y PROPRIETORS.

Livery Stables.

LIVERY STABLE!

WM. McCULLEY, begs leave to inform the citizens of Bellefonte and the public generally, that he has opened and is now keeping one of the largest and most extensive

Livery Stables in Bellefonte.

His horses are good and safe—his

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C., ARE ALL GOOD,

and comfortable. His rates of hire are reasonable. He solicits the patronage of the public, and promises satisfaction.

WM. McCULLEY.

v4n33-1y

Provisions.

CARDS, Letter-Heads, Bill-Heads, Posters Envelopes, &c., neatly executed at the REPUBLICAN OFFICE.

The Best Beef in the Market

CAN BE FOUND AT

Edwin Tyson's

Meat Market. We kill

THE VERY BEST OF BEEVES

that can be found, and keep a large assortment of other kinds of meats of the very best quality and at very

REASONABLE PRICES.

Call and see us, on HIGH STREET, near the new building of the First National Bank. Farmers will do well to call and see us before selling at any other place, as

We Pay the Best Prices

AND

CASH IN ADVANCE.

6-8-2m

BLATCHLEY'S IMPROVED CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP.

Tasteless, Durable, Efficient and Cheap. The best Pump for the least money. Attention is especially invited to Blatchley's Patent Improved Bracket and New Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without removing the Pump or disturbing the Joints. Also, the Copper Chamber, which never cracks or scales, and will outlast any other. For sale by Dealers everywhere. Send for Catalogue and Price List.

CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, M'f'r, 506 Commerce St., Philada., Pa. v4n36-1y

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

Wednesday Morning, March 5, 1873.

Lodge Directory.

Bayard Post, No. 90, G. A. R., meets every Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Council, No. 279, O. U. A. M., meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefont Lodge, No. 190, K. of P., meets every Friday evening, at their hall, in Meek's Building, opposite the Bush House.

Centre Lodge, No. 153, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at the Odd Fellow's hall. Degree meetings first Saturday of each month.

Minerva (Rebekah Degree) Lodge, No. 53, meets on the Saturday night next to and immediately before the full of the moon of each month, in Odd Fellow's hall.

Bellefonte Encampment, No. 72, I. O. O. F., meets at the Odd Fellow's hall, on the second and fourth Mondays of every month.

Bellefonte Lodge, No. 268, A. Y. M., meets on Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, on or before each full moon, in Masonic Lodge, Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Chapter, 243, R. A. M. meets on Thursday night preceeding the second Friday of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Constans Commandery, No. 33, K. T., meets the second Friday evening of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Bellefonte and County.

——The new postal cards will be ready for use the first of May.

——The most quiet and best behaved couple in town are Beck's Indian and Burnside's darkey.

——The Lycoming Fire Insurance Co. has repaired its office. Look out for another assessment to pay the bill.

——Our bankers of Bellefonte are taking a great deal of interest in their business this spring. How is it elsewhere?

——Altoona has a sensation in which illicit love, exposure, attempted suicide, arrest, bail and flight are the main ingredients.

——A singular disease, something like spotted fever is raging in the lower end of Pennsvalley. Some sudden deaths have resulted therefrom.

——We read about the snow being so deep up north that a man going home at night went down the wrong chimney, and found himself in a neighbor's house.

——Aaron Spangler from the Loop, last week sustained a serious accident by the upsetting of his sleigh and horse running off, near the house of Judge Love.

——When a travelling peddler with a pack on his back comes to your door, lock it and keep him out. He will cheat you, or steal from you, or leave a sample of some noxious vermin.

JAMES MCCAFFERTY having just opened a blacksmith shop in Bishop street, is prepared to do all kinds of work, and by promptness and attention to business, hopes to receive a share of public patronage. tf

——The new hundred dollar green back will soon be in circulation. Won't Mr. Spinner send us an advance issue for examination. We wouldn't like to give our opinion without looking it over first.

DENTISTRY.—John D. Wingate, D. D. S., expects to re-open his office at the Butts House, on March 4th next, to remain at least a week. To insure attention make your appointments or call early. 6-tf

——A little six year old boy was lately asked by his Sunday school teacher why they took Stephen outside of the walls of the city to stone him. The boy thought it was because they "could get a better crack at him."

——Dr. S. Belford takes this opportunity to inform his friends in Bellefonte and vicinity, that he can be found at his office over Rankin & Co's Drug Store, for four weeks, where he will be glad to attend to all who may need his professional services.

——The members of the Williamsport bar had their annual dinner a short time ago. The way they did eat and drink and make post-prandial speeches was a caution. Judge Linn and Sam. E. Furst, Esq., must have had an awful spell of dyspepsia after that.

——Calvin Boyer, a young man of Rebersburg, was snow balling with some boys lately, and in apparent good health. After dinner he lay down to sleep and from that sleep has never awakened.

His death, so sudden and mysterious, has cast a gloom over that community.

——Emil Joseph & Brother, on Allegheny street, have a very large and well stocked establishment. You can buy most anything there from a gold watch or suit of clothes to a pair of spectacles. His variety and styles of goods, as well as the prices, are sure to please. Go and see for yourself.

——For the second time in the recollection of the oldest inhabitant the river at Clearfield closed with ice within the space of twelve hours on last Sunday night. At dark on Sunday evening it was clear of ice. By seven o'clock Monday morning it was perfectly tight, this being the third time this winter.

——The supplement to the charter of the L. C. & S. C. Railroad passed a short time ago, extending the time for the completion of the road five years. The *Reporter* says it is only intended to effect the link between Penna. Furnace and Oak Hall. The road from Mifflinburg to Oak Hall will be completed without delay.

The Bellefonte branch will be built without doubt.

——Why can't we have a Normal school in this district? Other Normal districts not representing nearly the amount of wealth or educational enterprise that this does, have flourishing schools for the training of teachers, and their influence for good upon the common schools is decidedly beneficial.

Several years since Philip M. Price, a venerable and liberal gentlemen of Lock Haven, since deceased, donated a very beautifully located plot of ground in the upper end of that city for the cite of the new Normal school building. A young man named Raub, fresh from the Kutztown school, secured the superintendency of the city schools, and rested his eye affectionately on the principalship of the future enterprise. Public meetings were held, the state superintendent came on, speeches were made, stock subscribed and the building placed under contract. The contractors commenced work but soon were compelled to suspend, because stock holders would not pay up. Nothing of any account has been done since that time, now about two years ago The papers said they could not even get a meeting of the board of directors. The enterprising young man, Raub still holds on to his position, hoping, no doubt, some day to preside over the new institution, but the appearances indicate, that owing to the negligence of these Lock Haven people, this district will be cheated out of its Normal school for some time to come. Now if they don't propose to complete the work, let them say so, because there are other places in the district just as suitable and possessed of as much enterprise as Lock Haven.

——For the benefit of our subscribers who are interested in West Virginia, we copy the following from the West Virginia *Journal* of Feb. 26, 1873, published at Charleston:

"ELK RIVER RAILROAD.—Last week mortgages to secure the bondholders of the Northern and Southern Virginia R. R., to the amount of $2,000,000, were put to record in the Clerk's Office of the County Court of Kanawha. The Farmers Loan and Trust Company of New York, is the trustee. The engineers have been at work upon this line for about a year, and the entire road will, ere long, be put under contract. Its completion will make another era in the business progress of Charleston. Another link in the chain of permanency established.

The first shovelfull of dirt on this end of the Elk River Railroad was removed last Saturday. Work will be commenced in earnest in the Spring, and this important road to the entire State will go right on to its completion. The bonds of the company are now on the market, and are commanding the attention of capitalists in New York and other Eastern cities."

——Some weak-minded upstart from Clearfield, a would-be lawyer too, who advertises himself as a gambler, made a trip recently to this place and wrote a letter for the *Raftsman's Journal*, He says the name of our town is of *Indian* origin, that our streets are in bad condition, the water works out of order and a good deal of other childish twaddle. How the *Journal* came to waste so much space on such a silly melange is something of a surprise to us, but then it is about up to the average article of that paper and not so much of a surprise after all.

It appears to us, and we have some grounds for saying so, that this correspondent was over here on a drunken spree and to have "a small game."

Clearfield would save its reputation by keeping such imbecile fledglings at home, be their names Nokes or Stokes or *Walters* or any thing else.

——Music and dancing are taught in the public schools of Bellefonte. Oh, wouldn't you like to go to public school there? Honor your partner, eight hands round, &c.—*Clarion Republican.*

Not any. Young Alexander, whose youthful pen produced the above, tried to dance attendance to some of the little misses in our schools when he worked in this office and it so completely turned his head then, that we guess he is not quite right yet. What a sweet scented blossom he is to make a "local editor" of to be sure.

——Mr. Jack Spangler, associate editor of the *Watchman* has been off to Harrisburg and other points along the shore. We missed his pleasant face and were apprehensive of danger in his long delay—but we saw him on the streets again a day or two since. The young legal gentlemen who acted as his escort seemed a little tired and sleepy but we guess they will get over it.

It *is* a very nice thing to belong to the Democratic party and to get passes from the Democratic "member" when we need them.

——Hon. A. G. Curtin lectured at Lebanon on last Thursday. His subject was Russia.

No lecture has been delivered in this place for years that was so entertaining and satisfactory as Gov. Curtin's and we are not surprised that he receives so many calls from different parts of the state.

——They had a mad dog excitement in Williamsport last week. The canine cleared out a billiard establishment in a twinkling by running through the room. We know of two ways of curing hydrophobia: Cut the dogs tail off close to his head and throw the pieces away, or vaccinate him with seven *middling* sized buckshots. Williamsporters, take your choice.

——The eldest daughter of Judge W. W. Love of this county died February 20th at Selinsgrove.

——The Centre Hall Foundry has been purchased by the firm of Van Pelt and Musser.

——We know of no more faithful, competent and attentive official than the post master of Bellefonte.

——Wm. McClellan has about the handsomest and fastest team of driving horses in this section.

——A Bradford county man lately married his mother-in-law. He was bound to get rid of her somehow.

——The founder of Philipsburg is Weise, and the *Journal* says he still lives there and is hale and hearty, or words to that effect.

——March opened out in the historic *role* of a lion, and in about four weeks from date, you may expect fair weather for young lambs.

——That celebrated duck gun in No. 33, of the Bush House, is out of repair, and not a gunsmith in the county can fix it. What a pity.

——What is the difference between the Bellefonte Episcopalians and our best umbrella? They both keep *tent*. This is an old joke—on the Episcopalians.

——Never read by twilight or before eating in the morning. The little you gain in time will be doubly lost by a falling off of the eyesight long before life's sundown.

——Mr. Adolph Loeb, Supt, of the Bellefonte Glass Works had a stubborn attack of diptheria in St. Louis last week. He was West selling glass but his sudden illness brought him home on Saturday.

——Some business men are so intensely partisan that they cannot advertise in an opposition paper. Of course they don't wan tpeople of opposite politics to buy from them.

——Some school teachers have been having a wordy and windy dispute in the *Watchman* ever since the holidays about the late County Institute. They must be hard up for material to write about.

——Mr. Samuel Aley, of Jacksonville, that enterprising knight of St. Crispin, writes us that contractor Hawley has received the boots made for, and sent to him by Mr. Aley and is now wearing them with pleasure and satisfaction.

——The Tutens of the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN propose introducing female type setters into their office.—*Reveille.*

We have introduced them and they are a success; besides being prompt and attentive they are rapid compositors and are far preferable to apprentice boys.

——Lock Haven gave a small majority for license on Friday last. But then they elected a Democratic Mayor at the same time. It is reported that the license party imported about two hundred and fifty illegal voters to carry the election, and that the saloon keepers gave away any quantity of liquor. Clinton county gave a majority against license.

——Two Grand Concerts and Literary entertainments will be given in St. Paul's A. M. E. Church on the evenings of March 12 and 13. The proceeds will be devoted to the benefit of the church, therefore, we have occasion to ask, and believe the many kind friends of the cause of Christianity, and lovers of good comical and sentimental amusements, will turn out and lend a helping hand.—For particulars see small bills and programmes.

——James H. Rankin, Esq., had no idea that his birthday, Monday last, was an unusual occurrence as he has seen a good many of them. He was mistaken, however, for on returning home in the evening he found his house filled with friends and neighbors who had in waiting a most sumputous surprise in shape of a birthday supper.

It was a pleasant token of respect and esteem and a graceful testimonial of his worth as a neighbor and citizen.

——A young man named Joseph Jobson, from Downingtown, died very suddenly in this place on Saturday last. He had been here a few days on business and was only sick for a short time. Doctor Harris was summoned and found him suffering from an aggravated and fatal form of spotted fever. He was buried in Union cemetery last Sunday night.

Spotted fever, that terrible destroyer, has made its appearance in several parts of the county, there are some twenty cases in Pinegrove and vicinity.

——A sharper stepped into a saloon on Bishop street the other day and tendered in payment for a drink of rum, a counterfeit half dollar note.

The saloon keeper, a shrewd old son of the emerald Isle, who is well known for his suavity in business, objected, in a mild way, to take the boy's money.

The indignant customer savagely demanded if the bill was not good, whereupon the aged hibernian, remembering the virtue of a "soft answer," in his richest brogue, replied: "The bull is parfictly gud, mon, parfictly gud, but gover'ment refused to redeem this ersue!" The reply was a *non sequiter.*

THE PUREST AND SWEETEST COD-LIVER OIL is Hazard & Caswell's, made on the sea shore, from fresh selected livers, by CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New-York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in market. 6-4w

——We were invited to visit the primary department of our public schools yesterday and in company of a friend made a tour of the four primary grades. These schools are on the second floor of the new stone building, the rooms are light and airy and the walls neatly decorated with pictures, mottos and other hangings. The highest grade is taught by Miss Mary Klinger who had about fifty of as bright and cleanly looking ten-year-old boys and girls as we ever saw. A writing exercise was in progress; every scholar wrote the same word, on the same page of the writing book at the same time, all being directed by signals from the teacher who occasionally gave some general instruction about the formation of the letters. The writing and good order of the pupils were very commendable. Passing into the next grade, taught by Miss Anna McCaffrey, we witnessed a lesson in drawing. The little folks, some fifty-four in number, were busy, each with pencil and drawing book, in tracing the forms of simple geometrical figures. They worked right busily and seemed to be pleased with that kind of employment.

We could not help comparing the superior advantages of these children with ours when we were their age. Next we were called to witness a lesson in vocal music in the department taught by Mrs. Ruth Ward. This was a most interesting performance, the children entering into it with a relish that was certainly wholesome. The questions asked and answered showed them to be quite proficient in the rudiments of music. Miss Maggie Swope, the accomplished teacher of music, and drawing appears to be doing a good work. Then we came to the first primary school taught by Mrs. Georgie Perkins. Here were about seventy little fledglings, with their feet on the ladder's first round. Many ingenious contrivances and appliances that tempt and allure the youthful mind to grapple with an idea, were stowed around the room and every thing was bright and pleasant as it should be.

In answer to our inquiry about the general attendance, the following statement was shown us from their several reports; Miss Mary Klinger's department gave a percentage of attendance, during month of February of boys 97, girls 96. Miss McCaffra's department, boys 97, girls 92. Mrs. Ward's department, boys 100, girls 100, which is about as good an average as schools generally attain. This school seemed a perfect model.

Mrs. Georgia Perkin's department boys 96, girls 95. The average age of these little folks, is about seven, and how they managed to be so regular in attendance during the severe weather of last month is a surprise.

There is no doubt that the children of these schools are in thoughtful and careful hands and are making steady and substantial improvement. We will speak of the higher grades next week.

——It is very unusual to have an excitement in Patton township; but last week a good deal of interest was taken in the freaks of a man named Halderman, who has lately become completely deranged. His mad fancy led him to believe that his mission on earth was to capture and destroy the devil. Accordingly he searched through the woods, and on several occasions he had treed the prince of darkness and would fell the tree only to be disappointed. A number of valuable trees were cut down in this way. Failing to find his satanic majesty in the tree tops, he told the people that he could never accomplish his mission while his wife and children were living, and declared that he would have to kill them, which, they say, he would have attempted to do had he not been arrested. He is now confined in the county jail.

——Patrick Kelly owns a frisky little bay horse; good feed and light work seem to have over balanced the weight of years resting upon his head and made him playful as a colt. Mr. K. hitched him to his cutter and with three substantial looking ladies for ballast sailed pleasantly down Alleghany street on Monday last. Some fancy put more mettle in the horse's heel, and he raised his speed to a brisk canter with an evident desire to improve on that; but the strong arm of Mr. Kelly brought the sled upon his heels, and he, the horse, kicked and pranced in a fearful manner. At the Episcopal church he turned down Lamb street where a parcel of school boys surrounded, and thus put an end to his capers. All were frightened but none were hurt.

——Who ever heard tell of a Democratic journal in a Republican town that didn't occasionally make a big noise about the administration of the public funds? Why should Bellefonte be an exception? It is a kind of melancholy gratification to the one and don't affect the other.

——We have a communication on compulsory education which is crowded out this week for want of room. It will appear in our next issue.

——A communication from "Citizen," Pine Grove Mills, is crowded out. Will appear next week.

CHAPPED HANDS, face, rough skin, pimples, ringworm, salt-rheum and other cutaneous affections cured, and the skin made soft and smooth, by using the JUNIPER TAR SOAP, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co, New-York. Be certain to get the Juniper Tar Soap, as there are many worthless imitations made with common tar. 6-4w

——Last week, not being able to give the returns in full, we gave the majority in each district in the county for or against license. Thinking that our readers might like to see how the vote stood, we give below, the full and complete returns of each borough and township:

DISTRICTS	FOR	AGAINST
Bellefonte. (W. Ward	15	75
(S. Ward	95	83
(N. Ward	39	141
Milesburg Borough	9	95
Unionville Borough	1	58
Howard Borough	16	51
Philipsburg Borough	49	143
Boggs	22	179
Benner	73	96
Burnside	16	25
Curtin	11	43
Ferguson	92	186
Gregg	109	79
Haines	93	103
Halfmoon	17	80
Harris	68	261
Howard	37	75
Huston	85	80
Liberty	37	119
Marion	27	52
Miles	77	102
Patton	43	54
Penn	90	133
Potter	154	244
Rush	65	34
Snow Shoe	52	74
Spring	88	141
Taylor	26	19
Union	90	109
Walker	76	103
Worth	28	64
Total	1563	3001
		1563
Majority		1438

——It was announced, two or three weeks ago, that Jas. Welsh & Co., were making arrangements to establish a circulating library in this place. We understand now that Mr. Welsh has completed his arrangements, and would be glad to receive calls from all in search of that which will both instruct and entertain. The importance of this movement on the part of this enterprising firm cannot be too highly appreciated. We feel certain that in as intelligent community as this, they must receive generous support.

LIST of Letters remaining in the Bellefonte Post Office and unclaimed March 3, 1873.

J. F. Alexander, T. E. Leon Barger, Calvin Boner, Robt Conley, Isaiah Cole, Sr., James Connan, Mrs. S. J. Dare, Miss Katie Hanis, Samuel F. Heney, Mike Kelley, Mrs. Waddle Kephart, Mr. C. Louis, Mrs. Mary Lysett, Miss Ettie Lewis, Jos. E. Nuclel, Adam Neerhord, Mrs. John Pacina, Mr. A. Prindinda, Daniel Palmer, Miss Nettie Ryley, Miss Jennie Spicer, Frank Steel, Wm. Tibbins Mr. W. Tate, Augustus Weil.

IN the constitutional Convention the section of the article on elections requiring every ballot to be numbered in the order in which it is received, and the elector to endorse his name on his ballot has been adopted in committee. Ex-Governor Curtin, chairman of the Committee on the Executive, has made his report. Its leading features are that it provides for two officers, a Lieutenant Governor and a Secretary of Internal Affairs, the latter to take the place of the Surveyor General. The office of Superintendent of Common Schools is changed to that of Superintendent of Public Instruction. The Governor's term is made four years, and he is to be ineligible for the term next succeeding that for which he was elected. The Lieutenant Governor is to preside over the Senate, but is to have no vote except when there is a tie, and in considering Executive nominations the Senate is to sit with closed doors. The pardoning power is confided to the Governor, but its exercises is made subject to the approval of his Cabinet, or three of its members. The Governor is also allowed to disapprove of any item in an appropriation bill without the veto applying to more than the one item.

COMMERCIAL.

Williamsport Lumber Market.

Lumbering is not specially active at present in the woods. The work of getting out stock has not been kept up regularly or vigorously, and the result [illegible] for next season. Shipments over the P. & E. railroad for the past week were a trifle less than for the preceding week, whilst over the Catawissa road they were more than for the previous week. Below will be found the shipments over each road for the week ending February 22, and for the year 1873:

BY P. & E. RAILROAD.

	Feet.
For the week ending Feb. 22d	1,122,440
Previously reported	5,357,540
Total for 1873	6,479,980

BY CATAWISSA RAILROAD.

	Feet.
For week ending Feb. 22d	1,577,000
Previously reported	8,109,500
Total for 1873	9,686,500

RECAPITULATION.

	Feet.
Shipments by P. & E. Railroad	6,479,980
" " Catawissa "	9,686,500
Grand total for 1873	16,166,480

Daily Register.

MAGAZINES.

THE PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL for March contains a good portrait and sketch of William F. Havemeyer, Mayor of New York City; The Problem of Life; Driven to Death; Indian Relics, and our Indian Policy, a well illustrated and sensible article; A Penal Colony for Criminals; Mrs. Mary Somerville, the Scientist, with Portrait; What Shall our Boys Do? Dreams and their Causes; Longevity in the Professions; "I Cannot Quit It," or the Inebriate's Plea; A Good Memory, how to acquire and retain it; The Cold; The Red Deer of America; Hugh Stowell Brown on Americans, etc. Price 30 cts. A year's Subscription, with a "taking" Chromo, $3 00. Address S. R. WELLS, 389 Broadway, N. Y.

THE AMERICAN WORKING PEOPLE, published at Pittsburgh, Pa., gives, in its February number, an elegant full page engraving, entitled "Protection Triumphant," which is designed to illustrate the prosperity of labor, science, art and industry, under the fostering care of a protective tariff. Aside from its views of protection the AMERICAN WORKING PEOPLE is the ablest exponent of the rights of working people in this country, while it is independent of all parties and organizations, urging the correct position that labor and capital should not be antagonistic, but united in order to secure the best results to both. It has 16 large quarto pages—64 columns—of reading matter, and is sent to subscribers at $1 50 per annum, giving each subscriber a premium at that. Address Capron & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE AMERICAN FARMER'S ADVOCATE, published at Jackson, Tenn, for February, is before us. It bears evidence of prosperity and success, and is well worthy the general patronage. It is national in its character, pressing with great earnestness the claims of the National Agricultural Congress to the attention of the farmers. The publishers offer to furnish it with any $2 paper published in the country, taking their pay from the usual agents' commission. Everybody should take it. Single subscription $1. Clubs of four or more only 50 cents each.

WE have on our table the February number of AMERICAN HOMES. It is an illustrated monthly devoted to all classes and ages, and is offered for the low sum of two dollars a year, affording nearly 600 pages of choice reading matter. They also offer a pair of chromos to every subscriber. Address Charles H. Taylor & Co., No. 61, Cornhill, Boston, Mass.

MARRIED.

On 18th ult., at the M. E. Parsonage in Bellefonte, by Rev. M. L. Smyser, Mr. David Snyder and Miss Emily Bower, both of Bellefonte.

On 27th ult., at same place, by same, David J. Reed and Miss Sarah A. Irwin, both of Buffalo Run.

On 2d inst., at the Residence of Mr. Samuel Walkey, in Bellefonte, Mr. David I. Parsons, of Bellefonte, and Miss Ella Neff, of Walker Township, Center Co.

On the 27th inst., at the M. E. Parsonage, Milesburg, by Rev. J. W. Cleaver, Mr. Augustus D. Rhone, and Miss Catharine Marks.

Advertisements.

☞BY ONE OF THE LEADING PHYSICIANS of Philadelphia city.—A careful examination of mortuary statistics established the fact that one adult person out of every six dies of consumption, and so alarmingly is this disease gaining the ascendancy over all other ills to which flesh is heir, that its approach to one's immediate circle is regarded with perfect horror. If you will carefully examine the records of Materia Medica you will invariably discover that the general want of success in treating diseases has not been a deficiency of pathological knowledge of the functions affected, but of a suitable compound that would act upon the disease and all the sympathetic affections.

This want has at last been met in the Bitter Wine of Iron, prepared by the celebrated DR. E. F. KUNKLE, No 259 North Ninth street, Philadelphia. This excellent compound can be taken by persons with the most delicate stomach without any debilitating effect always giving strength and largely increasing the nervous energy of the patient. In all cases of pulmonary complaints it is admirably adapted to relieve the severity of the symptoms in the advanced stages of the disease, or to arrest it in its incipiency. If you want something that will give you strength, a good appetite, build up your constitution, and in place of moroseness and a lack of energy, give you a brisk and vigorous feeling, try Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. It has already received the meed of praise from thousands who have tested its virtues, and for many years maintained its reputation with unfaded popularity.

Price $1 per bottle. E. F. KUNKEL, Sole Proprietor, No. 259 North Ninth street, below Vine, Philadelphia.

Ask for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, and take no other. vän29-1y

Grain and Flour Markets.

Corrected Weekly by C. D. Keller.
BELLEFONTE, March 5 1872.

White Wheat per bushel	$1 90
Red wheat No. 1	1 85
Barley	60
Corn, ears	45
Shelled corn	50
Oats	38
Rye per bushel	60
Buckwheat per bushel	65
Clover seed " "	5 50
Plaster ₱ ton	15 00

Provision Market.

Corrected Weekly by C. D. Keller.

Apples, dried, per lb	@6½
Peaches, dried, per	12½@15@22
Cherries, dried, per lb	5
Beans per quart	10
Fresh Butter lb	30
Chickens, per piece	25
Turkeys, per lb	10
Cheese per lb	20
Hams per lb	12
Bacon	8
Lard per lb	8
Eggs per doz	20
Sides	8
Tallow, per pound	8
Rags	3
Potatoes per bushel	50
Dried Beef	

BOSTON BOOT AND SHOE STORE

WEEKLY PRICE LIST.

Boys Calf Boots, pegged	$3.50
Mens " " "	5,00
Mens " " sewed	5.00
" " " "	6,00
" Grand Duke Alexis, sewed	3,50
" Surge Congress Shoes "	2,50
" Canvass Boots sewed	2,50
Women's Surge Laced Boots	1.25
Mens Grain Slippers	1,00
Womens Cloth Slippers	50
" Surge "	85
" Kid "	95
Boys Buff Congress, pegged	2,00
Mens Patent Leather Boots, sewed	3,50
" " " Congress "	5,00
" Brogans, pegged	1,50

30-tf.

Railroad.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY DIVISION.

STATIONS.	MLS.	Mail. A.M.	Exs. P.M.
Leave Tyrone	0	9 20	6 45
East Tyrone	1	9 27	6 52
Bald Eagle	5	9 39	7 02
Hannah	10	9 52	7 17
Fort Matilda	14	10 01	7 26
Martha	17	10 10	7 35
Julian	21	10 21	7 46
Unionville	26	10 36	8 01
Snow Shoe Intersection	29	10 46	8 11
Arrive Milesburg	31	10 53	8 16
Leave Bellefonte	33	11 07	8 28
Milesburg	34	11 18	8 41
Curtin	34	11 31	8 52
Mount Eagle	37	11 37	8 55
Howard	40	11 46	9 07
Eagleville	44	11 58	9 19
Beech Creek	46	12 06	9 27
Mill Hall	51	12 20	9 41
Flemington	52	12 23	9 45
Lock Haven Intersection	54	12 30	9 50
Arrive Lock Haven	55	12 35	10 00

RETURN.

Leave Lock Haven	0	9 55	3 05
Lock Haven Intersection	1	9 40	3 10
Flemington	3	9 47	3 17
Mill Hall	4	9 52	3 22
Beech Creek	9	10 06	3 36
Eagleville	11	10 11	3 41
Howard	15	10 26	3 56
Mount Eagle	18	10 35	4 05
Curtin	21	10 41	4 11
Arrive Milesburg	24	10 53	4 24
Leave Bellefonte	26	11 07	4 38
Milesburg	24	11 18	4 47
Snow Shoe Intersection	26	11 22	4 52
Unionville	29	11 37	5 07
Julian	34	11 49	5 19
Martha	38	11 59	5 30
Port Matilda	41	12 09	5 39
Hannah	45	12 18	5 48
Bald Eagle	50	12 33	6 03
East Tyrone	54	12 43	6 13
Arrive Tyrone	55	12 50	6 20

WE HAVE THE

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IN CENTRE COUNTY.

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Parties living at a distance can order by mail being careful to state all particulars, day and hour of sale, and principal articles they desire mentioned, also size and number of Bills, and feel assured their orders will be carefully executed and forwarded immediately by mail or express. Address all orders to

ROBERT P. TUTEN.
Publisher of Bellefonte Republican.